

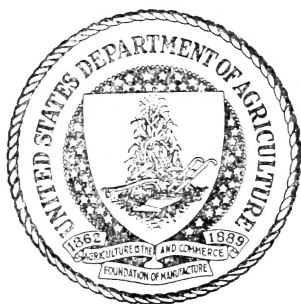


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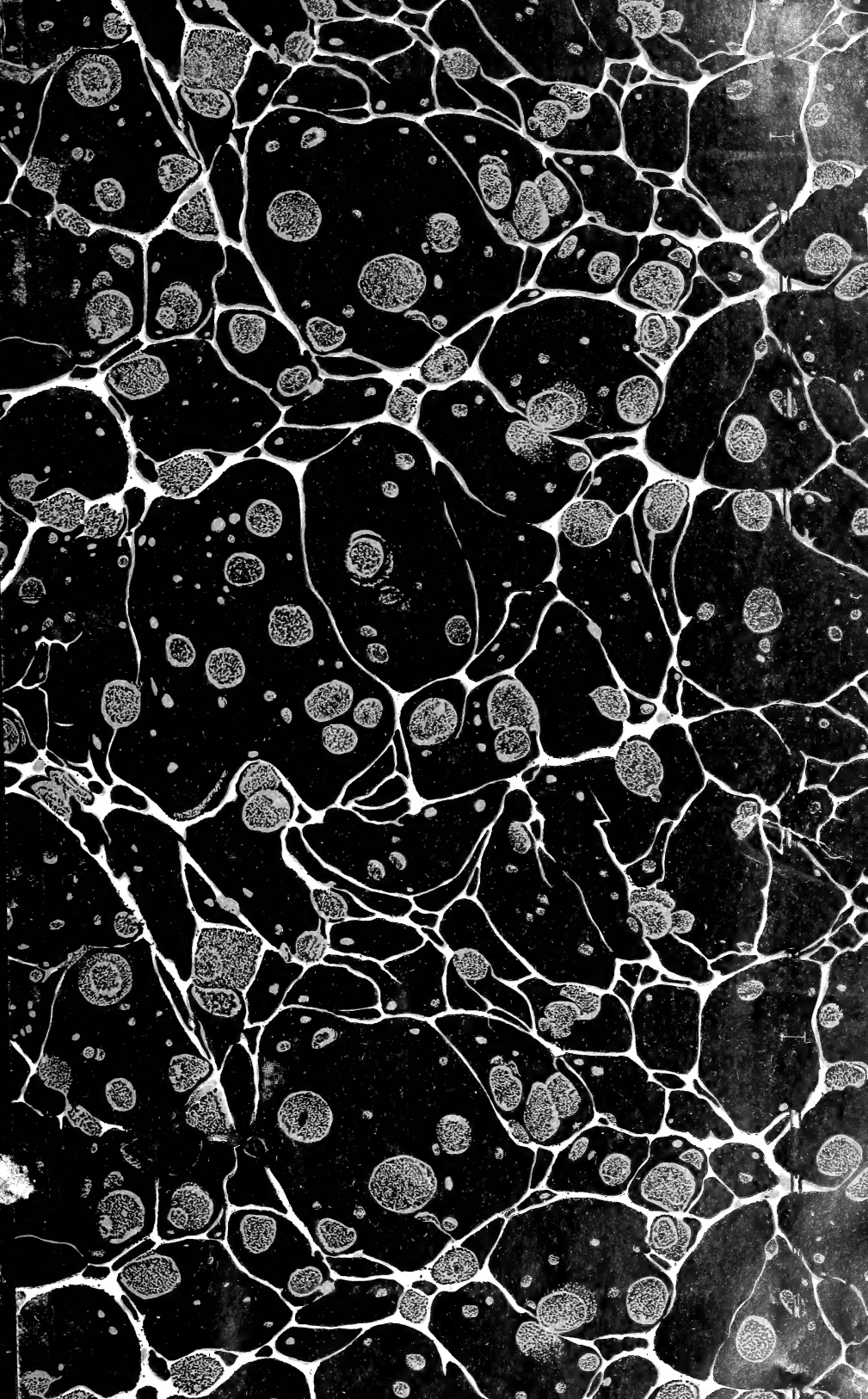
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BULLETIN No. 676

Contribution from the Forest Service
HENRY S. GRAVES, Forester

FOREST PRODUCTS LABORATORY, Madison, Wisconsin
In Cooperation with the University of Wisconsin

Washington, D. C.

PROFESSIONAL PAPER

July 16, 1919

THE RELATION OF THE SHRINKAGE
AND STRENGTH PROPERTIES OF
WOOD TO ITS SPECIFIC GRAVITY

By

J. A. NEWLIN, in Charge, Section of Timber
Mechanics, and T. R. C. WILSON, Engineer in
Forest Products

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| Determination of Specific Gravity | 6 |
| Moisture Content of Test Specimens | 6 |
| The Equations | 7 |
| Application of the Equations | 9 |
| Appendix—Method of Deriving Equations | 10 |



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PURPOSE.

It has long been recognized that there are direct relations between the specific gravity, or density, of a wood and its strength properties.¹ By the analysis of over 200,000 tests, the Forest Products Laboratory, conducted in cooperation with the University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis., has now definitely established these relations. It is the purpose of this bulletin to state these relations and to put the expression of them in such form as to render them easily useful (1) for estimating the properties of any particular timber; (2) for selecting timber for any given purpose; (3) for comparing the various species; and (4) for determining in what way the species are exceptional and to what uses they are best adapted.

It has usually been assumed that the strength of wood varies directly with the first power of its density; i.e., that the respective strengths of two sticks would differ in the same proportion as the densities. It was recognized that fiber stress at elastic limit in compression perpendicular to the grain, or bearing strength on side

¹ Accurate determinations made at the Forest Products Laboratory on seven species of wood, including both hardwood and coniferous species, showed a range of only about 4½ per cent in the density of the wood substance, or material of which the cell walls are composed. Since the density of wood substance is so nearly constant, it may be said that the density or specific gravity of a given piece of wood is a measure of the amount of wood substance contained in it.

surface, and work values in static bending or toughness, deviate very erratically from this relation; but the relation was supposed to hold especially true in the case of such properties as modulus of rupture, or maximum bending strength, and strength in compression parallel

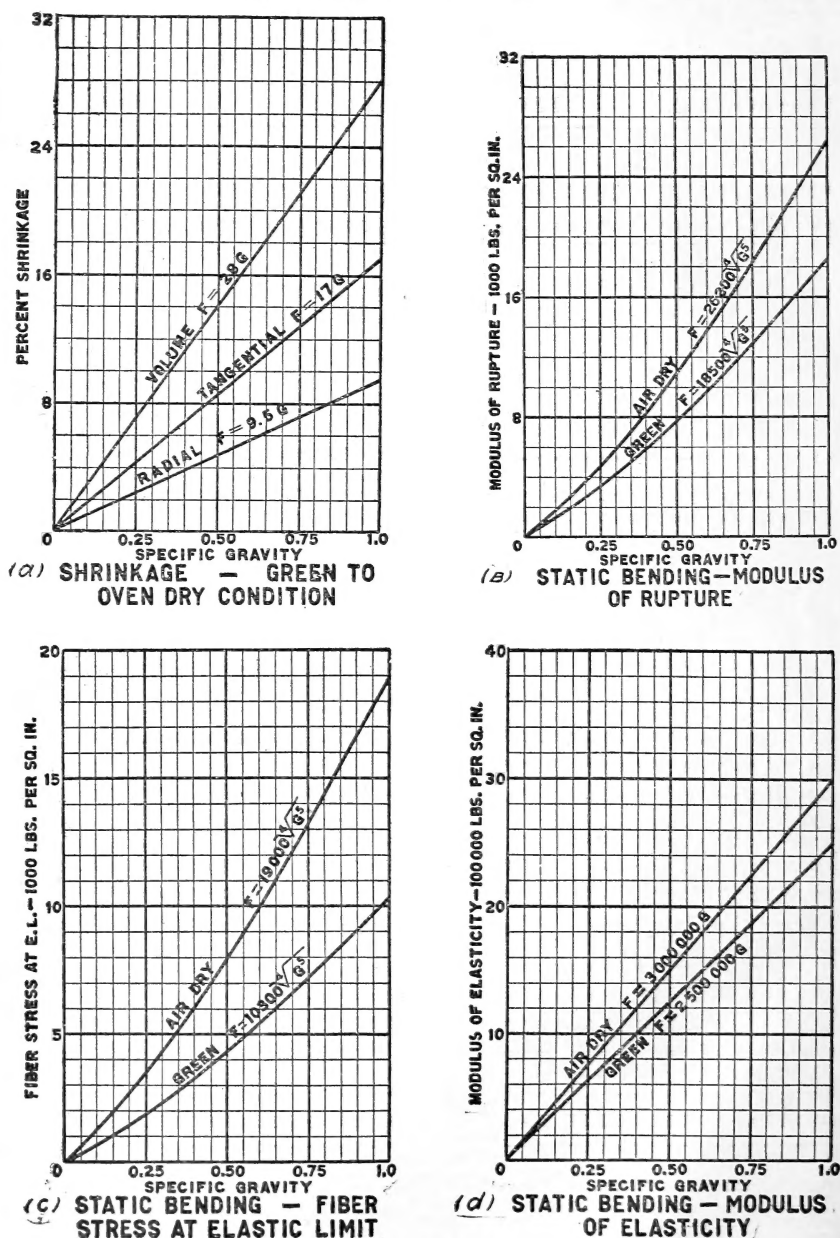


FIG. 1.

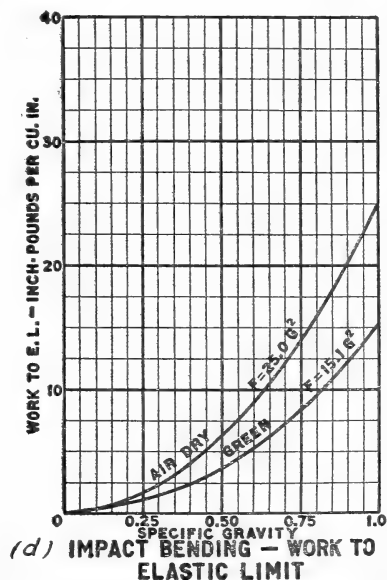
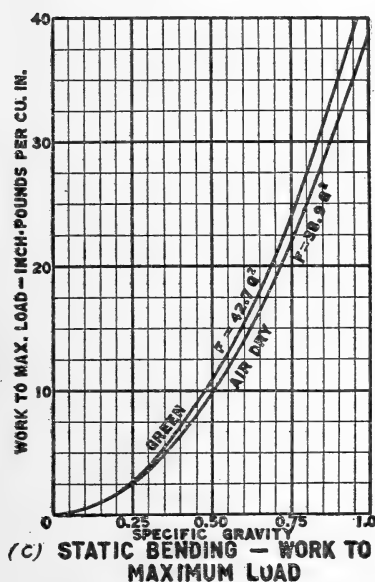
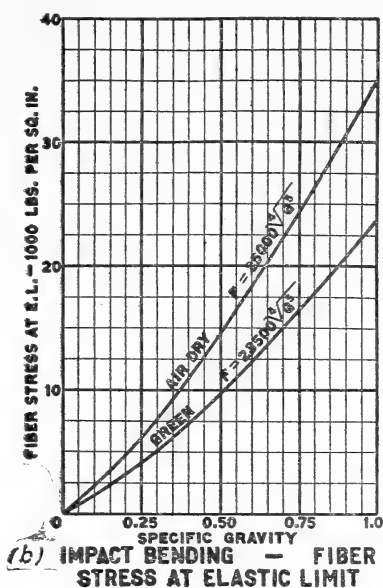
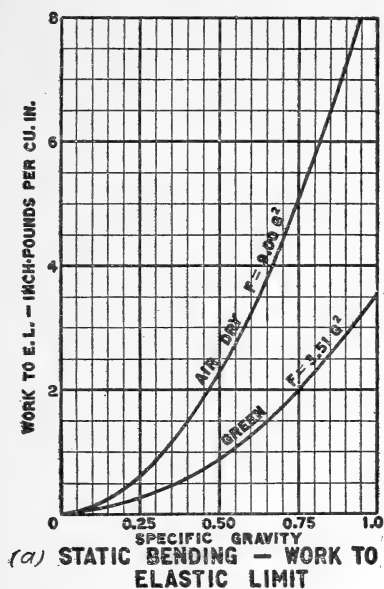


FIG. 2.

to the grain, or strength as a column. It has also been supposed that the relation applied between pieces of the same species, between pieces of different species, and between average results of strength tests on different species. A study of the data at present available, which are derived from a much larger number of tests and which cover a greater

range in specific gravity and strength values than was true of the data available heretofore, made it evident that these assumptions were inaccurate and that there was a better and more correct method expressing the actual relations between specific gravity and strength.

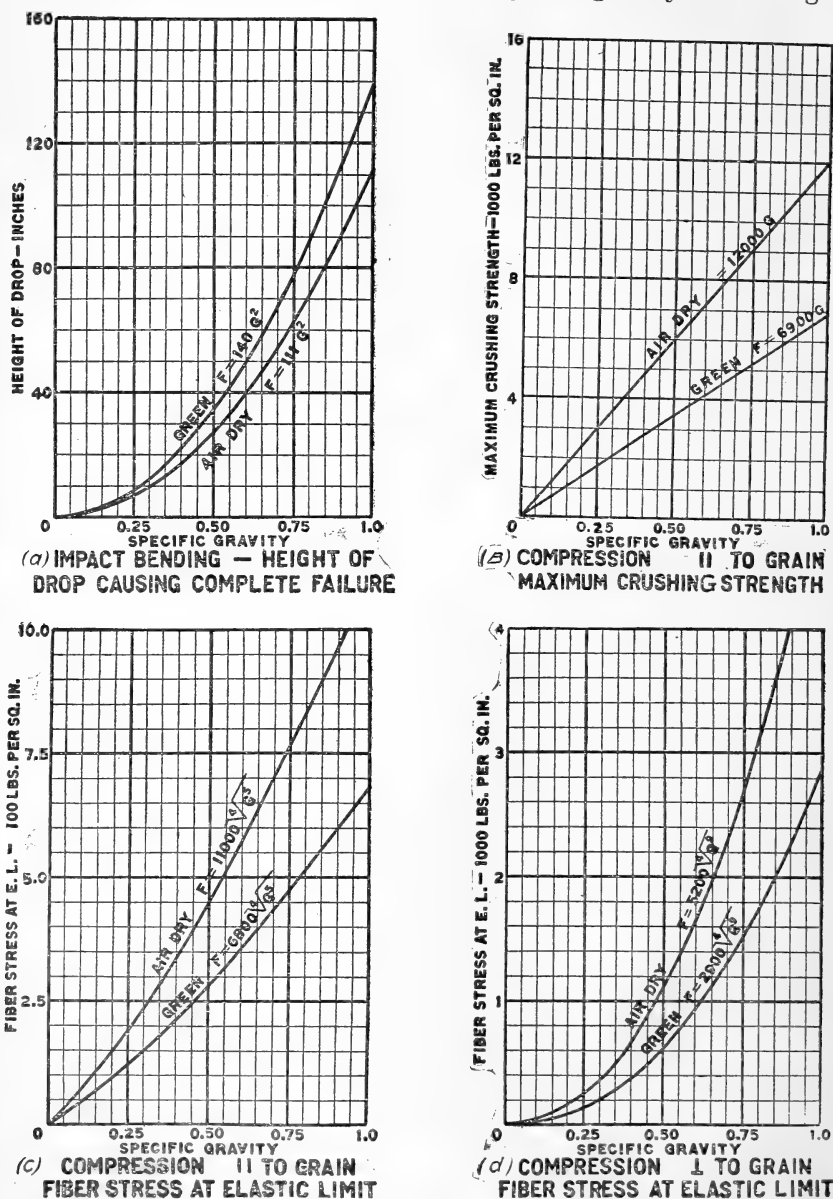
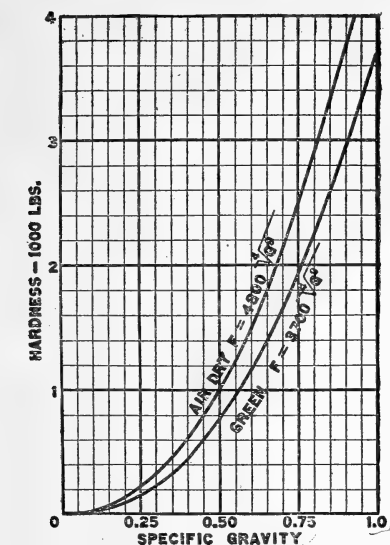
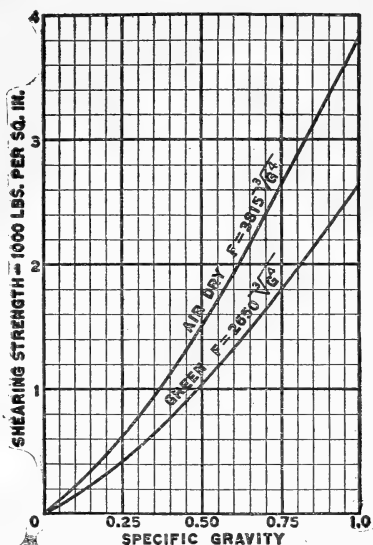


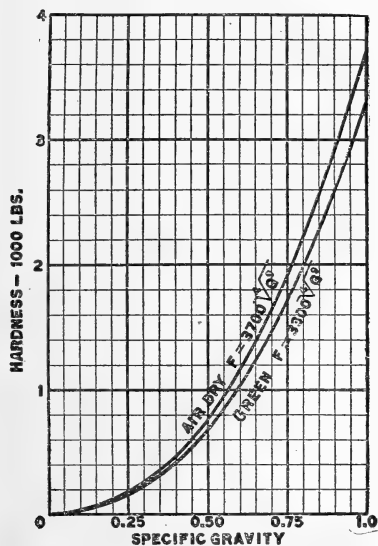
FIG. 3.



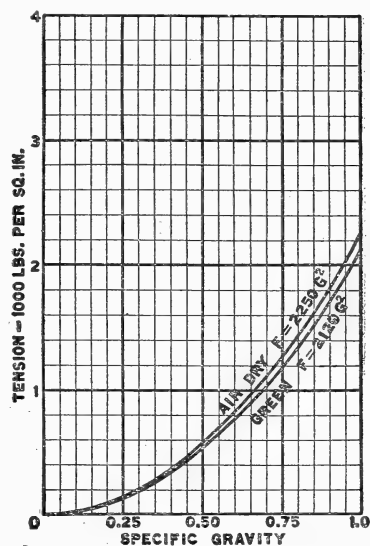
(a) HARDNESS - END SURFACE



(b) SHEARING STRENGTH || TO GRAIN



(c) HARDNESS - SIDE SURFACE



(d) TENSION I TO GRAIN

FIG. 4.

In order that the relation between specific gravity and each of the various mechanical properties of wood may be easily put to practical use, the relation, both for green and for air-dry material, is given in the form of an equation (Table 1) and, in addition, in the form of a curve (figs. 1 to 4).

SPECIES-LOCALITY AVERAGES.

The specific-gravity relations given in this bulletin are derived from a study of what may be called "species-locality" averages; that is, each average represents tests of material of one species from one locality.

There are two principal reasons for using "species-locality" averages in preference to the results of individual tests. First, the number of individual tests is quite large, amounting in some instances to as many as 900 from a single "species-locality", so that an immense amount of work is saved by the use of the "species-locality" averages; second, if individual tests were used, the "species-localities" having larger trees or a larger number of trees would include a larger number of tests and would have undue weight in determining the relations.

The method of analysis used is applicable also to individual tests from a single species to determine the specific gravity relations within that species. It has been applied to a few of the properties of some of the more important species which are used for structural timbers where there was a rather large number of test pieces and a considerable range in specific gravity.

DETERMINATION OF SPECIFIC GRAVITY.

Specific gravity of wood, as used herein, is based on the volume of the specimens when tested (green or air-dry) and their weight when in an oven-dry condition; that is, it is the ratio of the weight of the specimen of wood, *oven-dry*, to the weight of a volume of water equal to the *volume of the specimen at the time of test*. Because of the shrinkage which takes place in wood when it is dried, this figure is not the true specific gravity of a piece of oven-dry wood. The method, however, is easily applied to each specimen tested, and is the standard method of the Forest Service for the determination of a specific-gravity figure for use in studying the properties of wood.

MOISTURE CONTENT OF TEST SPECIMENS.

Both green and air-dry specimens were used in the tests, and the relations between specific gravity and strength were determined separately for green and air-dry wood. Variations in the moisture content of wood have no effect on its mechanical properties so long as the wood is thoroughly green; they have considerable influence on these properties, however, as soon as the wood becomes air-dry, or partially air-dry. Accurate comparisons can not be made between the properties of two lots of air-dry specimens unless they were tested at the same moisture content or adjustments made in the strength figures for difference in moisture content.

The moisture content of the air-dry material at the time of test varied from 8 to 18 per cent. Modulus of rupture and maximum strength in compression parallel to the grain were adjusted to a moisture content of 12 per cent before determinations of the relation of these properties to the specific gravity was made. This adjustment was possible because the laws governing the variation of these properties with varying moisture content are fairly well established. However, in the case of the other strength functions their variation with varying moisture content has not been studied in detail and no such adjustment is possible with any very great degree of accuracy. Consequently, the actual moisture content values as obtained from tests have been used in the determination of the relation of these properties to specific gravity.

THE EQUATIONS.

Table 1 and figures 1 to 4 give equations which represent the average relations between specific gravity and each of the mechanical properties. All the "species-locality" averages available on any particular property were considered in deriving the equations for that property. The number of "species-locality" averages from which an equation is derived varies from 84 to 178. This variation is due to the fact that several of the tests were not used in some of the earlier testing work and to the fact that tests have not yet been completed on air-dry material for all of the "species-localities" listed.

Table 1 gives first the equations for shrinkage and for each of the strength properties of green and air-dry wood in terms of the specific gravity. These equations, as explained in the appendix, are reduced to a simple form; and the powers of gravity used are such that the equations may be solved by arithmetical operations and without the use of higher mathematics. However, to simplify even further the use of the equations, figures 1 to 4 have been prepared for their solution. Each of the curves shown in these diagrams represents the equation connecting specific gravity and one of the properties of wood. The curves representing the equations for radial, tangential, and volumetric shrinkage appear in figure 1(a). In each of the other figures, 1(b) to 4(d), appear two curves for some one mechanical property. One of these curves is for green and the other for air-dry material. If the specific gravity is known, the equation value for any one or all of the properties of the wood in question may be readily determined from the curves without computation.

The second portion of Table 1 gives what may be termed a measure of the accuracy of the respective equations. It is not to be expected that all the "species-locality" averages will satisfy the equation exactly or even very closely. Some of the properties are more erratic than others, so that one "species-locality" may far exceed

the equation values and another "species-locality" fall far below them.

In figure 5 are plotted the curves of the equation for modulus of rupture in static bending in green material, $M=18500 \sqrt[4]{g^5}$, and of the equation for the same property in air-dry material, $M=26200 \sqrt[4]{g^5}$. In order to give a graphical idea as to the reliability of these equations, the specific gravity and the modulus of rupture of each "species-locality" have been plotted as a point. The reference number placed near each plotted point is assigned to the "species-locality" in the order of its respective specific gravity as determined from compression parallel to grain specimens of green wood. In figures 6, 7, and 8 the data are given for the curves on shrinkage in volume from green to oven-dry condition, maximum crushing strength in compression parallel to grain, and fiber strength at elastic limit in compression perpendicular to grain.

Under each property is listed in this second portion of Table 1, for both green and air-dry conditions, those percentages of the equation value above which were one-tenth of the "species-localities." Similarly, there are listed those percentages above which were one-fourth of the "species-localities," those below which were one-fourth, and those below which were one-tenth. For instance, in static bending (green), one-tenth of the "species-localities" tested had a modulus of rupture of more than 114 per cent of what the specific gravity equation indicated they should have had; one-fourth of them had a modulus of rupture greater than 108 per cent of the equation value; one-fourth of them less than 91 per cent of the equation value; and the lowest one-tenth had a modulus of rupture less than 84 per cent of what the equation indicated they should have had. It follows from these figures that one-half of the "species-localities" had a modulus of rupture of between 91 per cent and 108 per cent of the value given by the equation, and that the other one-half were evenly divided between those that were more than 108 per cent and those that were less than 91 per cent.

The third portion of Table 1 gives the actual value of each property for each "species-locality" as determined by the tests, expressed as a percentage of the value computed from the specific gravity by the use of the equation at the head of the column. For instance, it is found from the table that air-dry Biltmore ash has a modulus of rupture 98 per cent as great as that of the average wood of its specific gravity, the modulus of rupture of the average wood of this specific gravity being the figure given by the equation. These percentages are given for both green and air-dry wood.

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----|-----------------------|----------------|-----|
| Big shen bark..... | Mississippi..... | 135 | Sumac, staghorn..... | Wisconsin..... | 61 |
| Do..... | Ohio..... | 154 | Sycamore..... | Indiana..... | 63 |
| Bitternut..... | do..... | 139 | Do..... | Tennessee..... | 65 |
| Mockernut..... | Mississippi..... | 144 | Umbrella, Fraser..... | do..... | 45 |
| Do..... | Pennsylvania..... | 159 | Willow: | | |
| Do..... | West Virginia..... | 155 | Black..... | Wisconsin..... | 11 |
| Nutmeg..... | Mississippi..... | 112 | Western black..... | Oregon..... | 43a |
| Pignut..... | do..... | 148 | Witch hazel..... | Tennessee..... | 114 |
| Do..... | Ohio..... | 157 | | | |
| Do..... | Pennsylvania..... | 160 | | | |
| Do..... | West Virginia..... | 161 | | | |

CONIFERS.

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|-----|---------------------|---------------------|-----|
| Cedar: | | | Pine—Continued. | | |
| Incense..... | California..... | 26 | Lodgepole..... | Montana, Granite | 41a |
| Western red..... | Montana..... | 2 | Do..... | County. | |
| Do..... | Washington..... | 10 | Do..... | Montana, Jefferson | 40a |
| White..... | Wisconsin..... | 1 | Do..... | County. | |
| Cypress, bald..... | Louisiana..... | 62 | Do..... | Wyoming..... | 34 |
| Douglas fir..... | California..... | 45a | Longleaf..... | Florida..... | 123 |
| Do..... | Oregon..... | 67a | Do..... | Louisiana, Lake | 113 |
| Do..... | Washington, Che- | 46a | Do..... | Charles. | |
| Do..... | halis County. | | Do..... | Louisiana, Tangipa- | 96 |
| Do..... | Washington, Lewis | 75 | Do..... | hoa Parish. | |
| Do..... | County. | | Do..... | Mississippi..... | 95 |
| Do..... | Washington and | 67 | Norway..... | Wisconsin..... | 57 |
| Do..... | Oregon..... | | Pitch..... | Tennessee..... | 71 |
| Do..... | Wyoming..... | 48 | Pond..... | Florida..... | 86 |
| Fir: | | | Shortleaf..... | Arkansas..... | 77 |
| Alpine..... | Colorado..... | 4 | Sugar..... | California..... | 22 |
| Amabilis..... | Oregon..... | 39 | Table Mountain..... | Tennessee..... | 82 |
| Do..... | Washington..... | 18 | Western white..... | Montana..... | 42 |
| Balsam..... | Wisconsin..... | 14 | Western yellow..... | Arizona..... | 19 |
| Grand..... | Montana..... | 36 | Western..... | California..... | 37 |
| Noble..... | Oregon..... | 16 | Do..... | Colorado..... | 41 |
| White..... | California..... | 17 | Do..... | Montana..... | 32 |
| Hemlock: | | | White..... | Wisconsin..... | 25 |
| Black..... | Montana..... | 47 | Redwood..... | California, Albion | 28 |
| Eastern..... | Tennessee..... | 52 | Do..... | California, Korbelt | 13 |
| Do..... | Wisconsin..... | 15 | Spruce: | | |
| Western..... | Washington..... | 50 | Engelmann..... | Colorado, Grand | 8 |
| Larch, western..... | Montana..... | 84 | Do..... | County. | |
| Do..... | Washington..... | 64 | Do..... | Colorado, San | 3 |
| Pine: | | | Do..... | Miguel County. | |
| Cuban..... | Florida..... | 127 | Red..... | New Hampshire..... | 44 |
| Jack..... | Wisconsin..... | 43 | Do..... | Tennessee..... | 29 |
| Jeffrey..... | California..... | 33 | White..... | New Hampshire..... | 7 |
| Loblolly..... | Florida..... | 88 | Do..... | Wisconsin..... | 38 |
| Lodgepole..... | Colorado..... | 31 | Tamarack..... | do..... | 81 |
| Do..... | Montana, Gallatin | 35a | Yew, western..... | Washington..... | 134 |
| | County. | | | | |



LIST OF SPECIES AND REFERENCE NUMBERS FOR FIGURES 5 TO 9.

HARDWOODS.

| Species. | Locality. | Reference No. | Species. | Locality. | Reference No. |
|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| Alder, red | Washington | 30 | Hickory—Continued. | | |
| Ash: | | | Shagbark | Mississippi | 140 |
| Biltmore | Tennessee | 91 | Do | Ohio | 152 |
| Black | Michigan | 60 | Do | Pennsylvania | 143 |
| Do | Wisconsin | 70 | Do | West Virginia | 153 |
| Blue | Kentucky | 90 | Water | Mississippi | 141 |
| Green | Louisiana | 93 | Holly, American | Tennessee | 87 |
| Do | Missouri | 100 | Hornbeam | do | 149 |
| Pumpkin | do | 79 | Laurel, mountain | do | 145 |
| White | Arkansas | 106 | Locust: | | |
| Do | New York | 128 | Black | do | 158 |
| Do | West Virginia | 83 | Honey | Indiana | 162 |
| Aspen | Wisconsin | 23 | Madrona | California | 101 |
| Large-tooth | do | 20 | Do | Oregon | 128a |
| Basswood | Pennsylvania | 12 | Magnolia | Louisiana | 66 |
| Do | Wisconsin | 5 | Maple: | | |
| Beech | Indiana | 110 | Oregon | Washington | 58 |
| Do | Pennsylvania | 98 | Red | Pennsylvania | 69 |
| Birch: | | | Do | Wisconsin | 92 |
| Paper | Wisconsin | 73 | Silver | do | 56 |
| Sweet | Pennsylvania | 129 | Sugar | Indiana | 104 |
| Yellow | do | 107 | Do | Pennsylvania | 108 |
| Do | Wisconsin | 103 | Do | Wisconsin | 124 |
| Buckeye, yellow | Tennessee | 9 | Oak: | | |
| Buckthorn, cascara | Oregon | 81a | Bur | do | 125 |
| Butternut | Tennessee | 27 | California black | California | 80 |
| Do | Wisconsin | 21 | Canyon live | do | 163 |
| Chinquapin, western | Oregon | 46b | Chestnut | Tennessee | 121 |
| Cherry: | | | Cow | Louisiana | 133 |
| Black | Pennsylvania | 72 | Laurel | do | 116 |
| Wild red | Tennessee | 24 | Post | Arkansas | 130 |
| Chestnut | Maryland | 46 | Do | Louisiana | 137 |
| Do | Tennessee | 40 | Red | Arkansas | 119 |
| Cottonwood, black | Washington | 6 | Do | Indiana | 118 |
| Cucumber tree | Tennessee | 59 | Do | Louisiana | 117 |
| Dogwood: | | | Do | Tennessee | 97 |
| Flowering | do | 151 | Highland Span- | Louisiana | 94 |
| Western | Oregon | 125a | ish | | |
| Elder, pale | do | 69a | Lowland Spanish | do | 142 |
| Elm: | | | Swamp white | Indiana | 150 |
| Cork | Wisconsin, Marathon County | 126 | Tanbark | California | 115 |
| Do | Wisconsin, Rusk County | 120 | Water | Louisiana | 111 |
| Slippery | Indiana | 102 | White | Arkansas | 132 |
| Do | Wisconsin | 74 | Do | Indiana | 138 |
| White | Pennsylvania | 55 | Do | Louisiana, Richland Parish | 136 |
| Do | Wisconsin | 53 | Do | Louisiana, Winn Parish | 131 |
| Greenheart | | 165 | Willow | Louisiana | 109 |
| Gum: | | | Yellow | Arkansas | 122 |
| Black | Tennessee | 68 | Do | Wisconsin | 105 |
| Blue (Eucalyptus) | California | 147 | Osage orange | Indiana | 184 |
| Cotton | Louisiana | 76 | Poplar, yellow (tulip tree) | Tennessee | 35 |
| Red | Missouri | 54 | Rhododendron, great | do | 85 |
| Hackberry | Indiana | 90 | Sassafras | do | 51 |
| Do | Wisconsin | 78 | Serviceberry | do | 156 |
| Haw, pear | do | 146 | Silverbell tree | do | 49 |
| Hickory: | | | Sourwood | do | 89 |
| Big shellbark | Mississippi | 135 | Sumac, staghorn | Wisconsin | 61 |
| Do | Ohio | 154 | Sycamore | Indiana | 63 |
| Bitternut | do | 139 | Do | Tennessee | 65 |
| Mockernut | Mississippi | 144 | Umbrella, Fraser | do | 45 |
| Do | Pennsylvania | 159 | Willow: | | |
| Do | West Virginia | 155 | Black | Wisconsin | 11 |
| Nutmeg | Mississippi | 112 | Western black | Oregon | 43a |
| Pignu | do | 148 | Witch hazel | Tennessee | 114 |
| Do | Ohio | 157 | | | |
| Do | Pennsylvania | 160 | | | |
| Do | West Virginia | 161 | | | |

CONIFERS.

| | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|-----|-----------------|------------------------------|-----|
| Cedar: | | | Pine—Continued. | | |
| Incense | California | 26 | Lodgepole | Montana, Granite County | 41a |
| Western red | Montana | 2 | Do | Montana, Jefferson County | 40a |
| Do | Washington | 10 | Do | Wyoming | 34 |
| White | Wisconsin | 1 | Longleaf | Florida | 123 |
| Cypress, bald | Louisiana | 62 | Do | Louisiana, Lake Charles | 113 |
| Douglas fir | California | 45a | Do | Louisiana, Tangipahoa Parish | 96 |
| Do | Oregon | 67a | Do | Mississippi | 95 |
| Do | Washington, Chelan County | 46a | Norway | Wisconsin | 57 |
| Do | Washington, Lewis County | 75 | Pitch | Tennessee | 71 |
| Do | Washington and Oregon | 67 | Pond | Florida | 86 |
| Do | Wyoming | 48 | Shortleaf | Arkansas | 77 |
| Fir: | | | Sugar | California | 22 |
| Alpine | Colorado | 4 | Table Mountain | Tennessee | 82 |
| Amabilis | Oregon | 39 | Western white | Montana | 42 |
| Do | Washington | 18 | Western yellow | Arizona | 19 |
| Balsam | Wisconsin | 14 | Do | California | 37 |
| Grand | Montana | 36 | Do | Colorado | 41 |
| Noble | Oregon | 16 | Do | Montana | 32 |
| White | California | 17 | White | Wisconsin | 25 |
| Hemlock: | | | Redwood | California, Albion | 28 |
| Black | Montana | 47 | Do | California, Korb | 13 |
| Eastern | Tennessee | 52 | Spruce: | | |
| Do | Wisconsin | 15 | Engelmann | Colorado, Grand County | 8 |
| Western | Washington | 50 | Do | Colorado, San Miguel County | 3 |
| Larch, western | Montana | 84 | Red | New Hampshire | 44 |
| Do | Washington | 64 | Do | Tennessee | 29 |
| Pine: | | | White | New Hampshire | 7 |
| Cuban | Florida | 127 | Do | Wisconsin | 38 |
| Jack | Wisconsin | 43 | Tamarack | do | 81 |
| Jeffrey | California | 33 | Yew, western | Washington | 134 |
| Loblolly | Florida | 88 | | | |
| Lodgepole | Colorado | 31 | | | |
| Do | Montana, Gallatin County | 35a | | | |

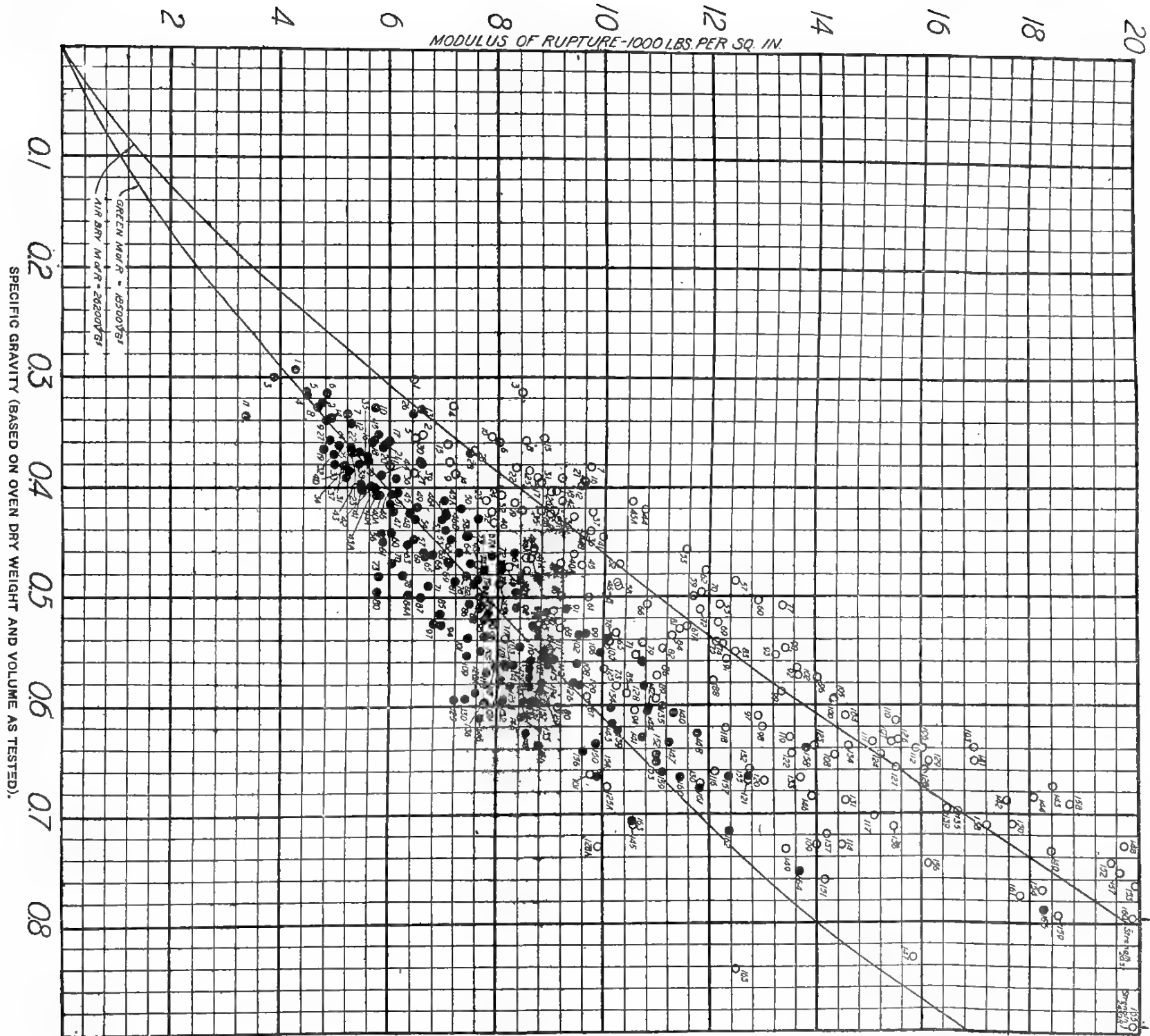
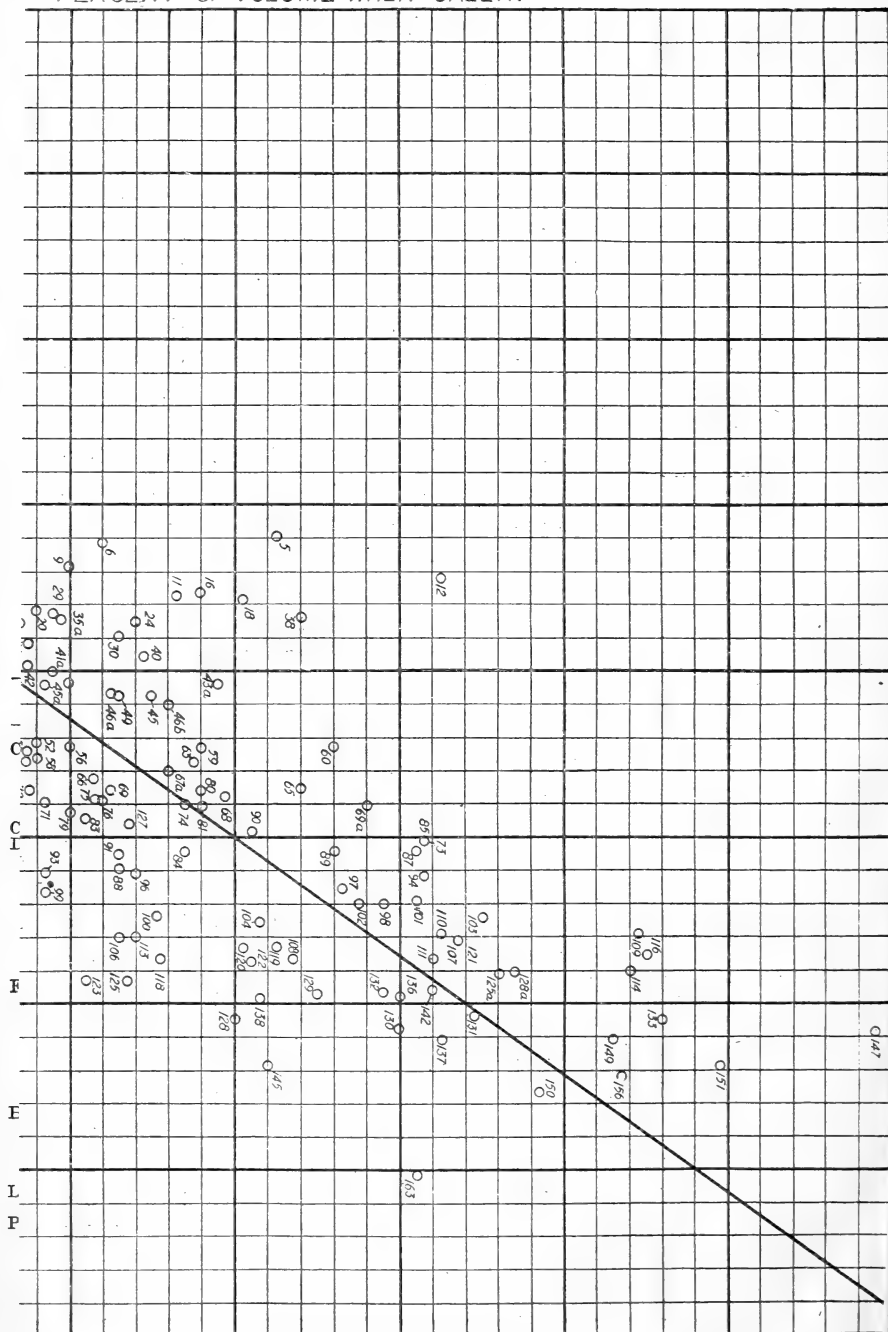


FIG. 5.—Relation of modulus of rupture in static bending to specific gravity.

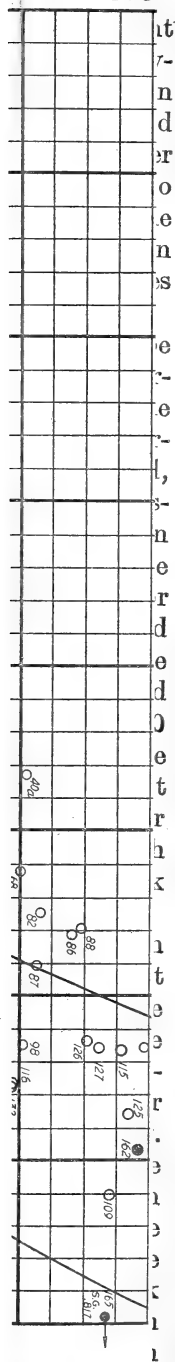
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PERCENT OF VOLUME WHEN GREEN.

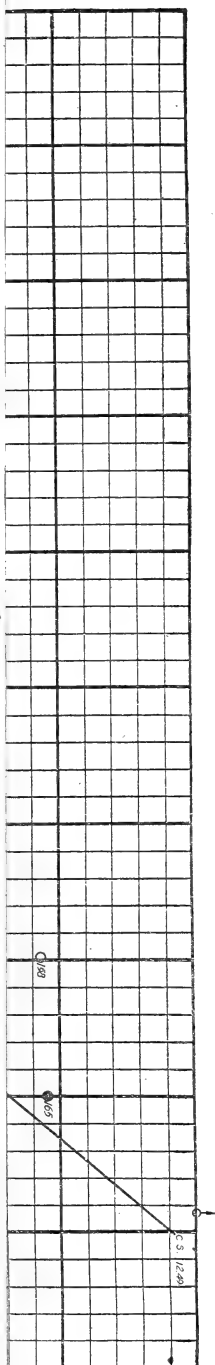


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SHRINKAGE FROM GREEN TO O.D. CONDITION - PERCENT OF VOLUME WHEN GREEN.

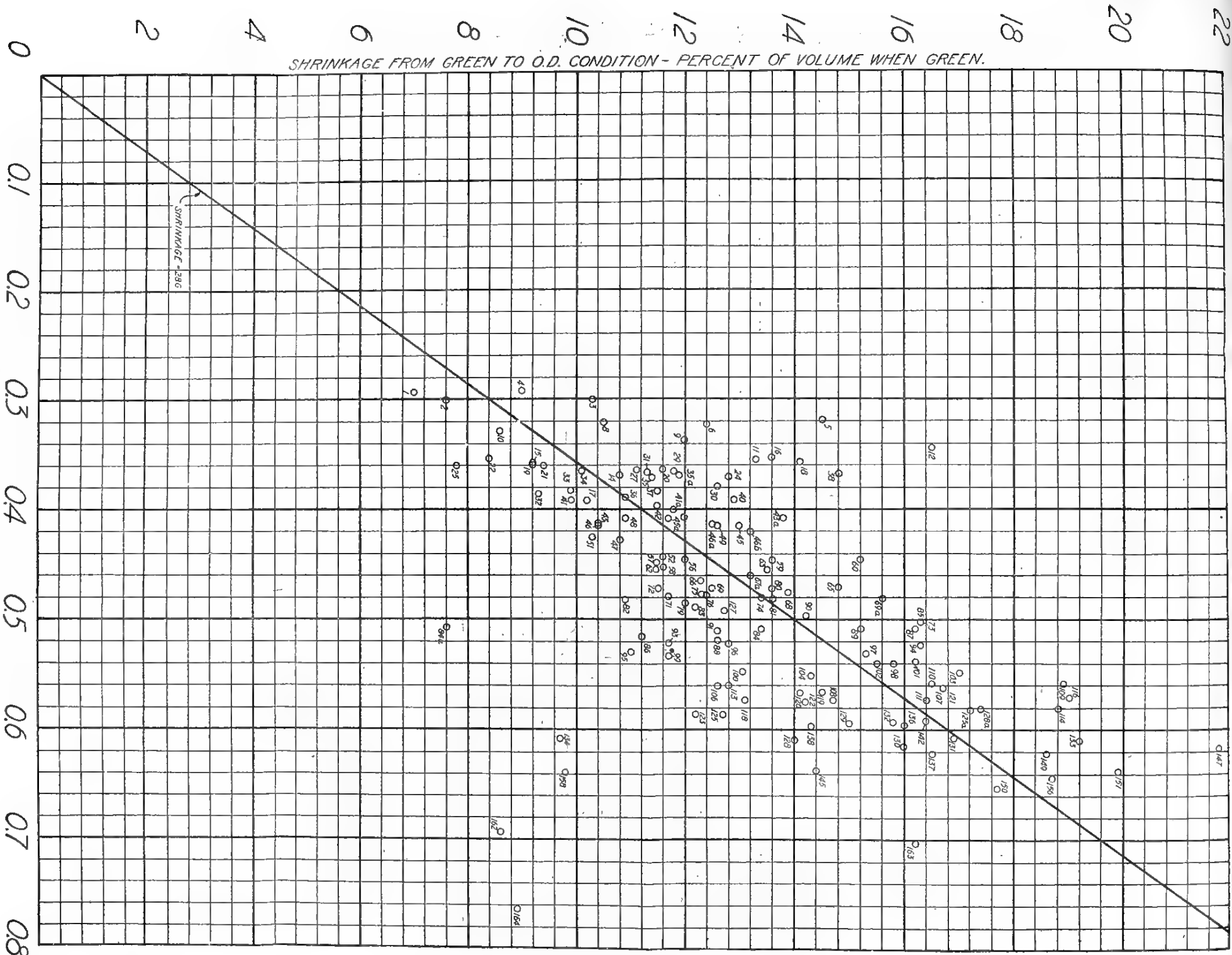


FIG. 6.—Relation of shrinkage from green to oven dry conditions to specific gravity.

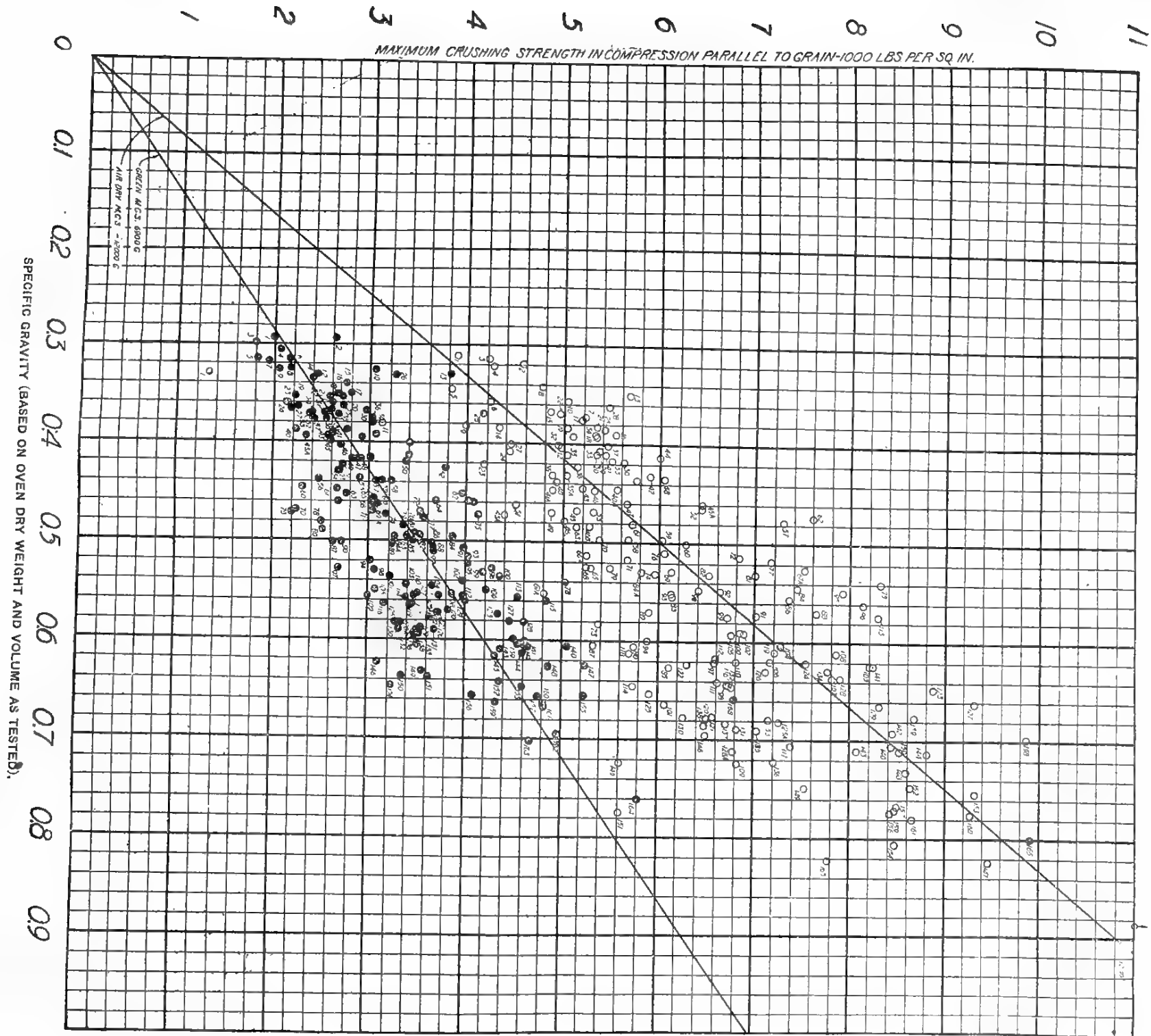


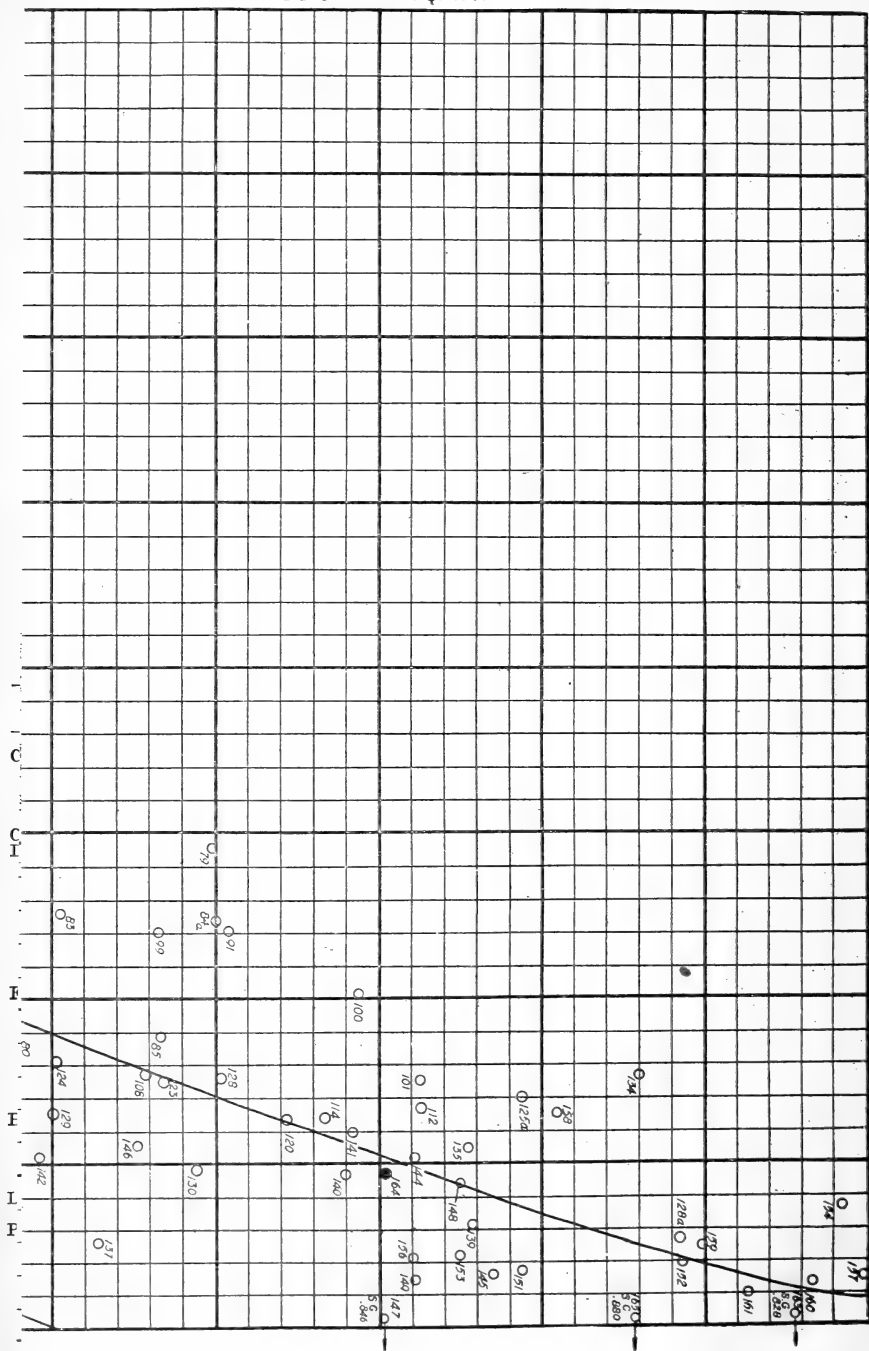
FIG. 7.—Maximum crushing strength in compression parallel to grain to specific gravity.

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ULAR TO GRAIN-100 LBS. PER SQ. IN.

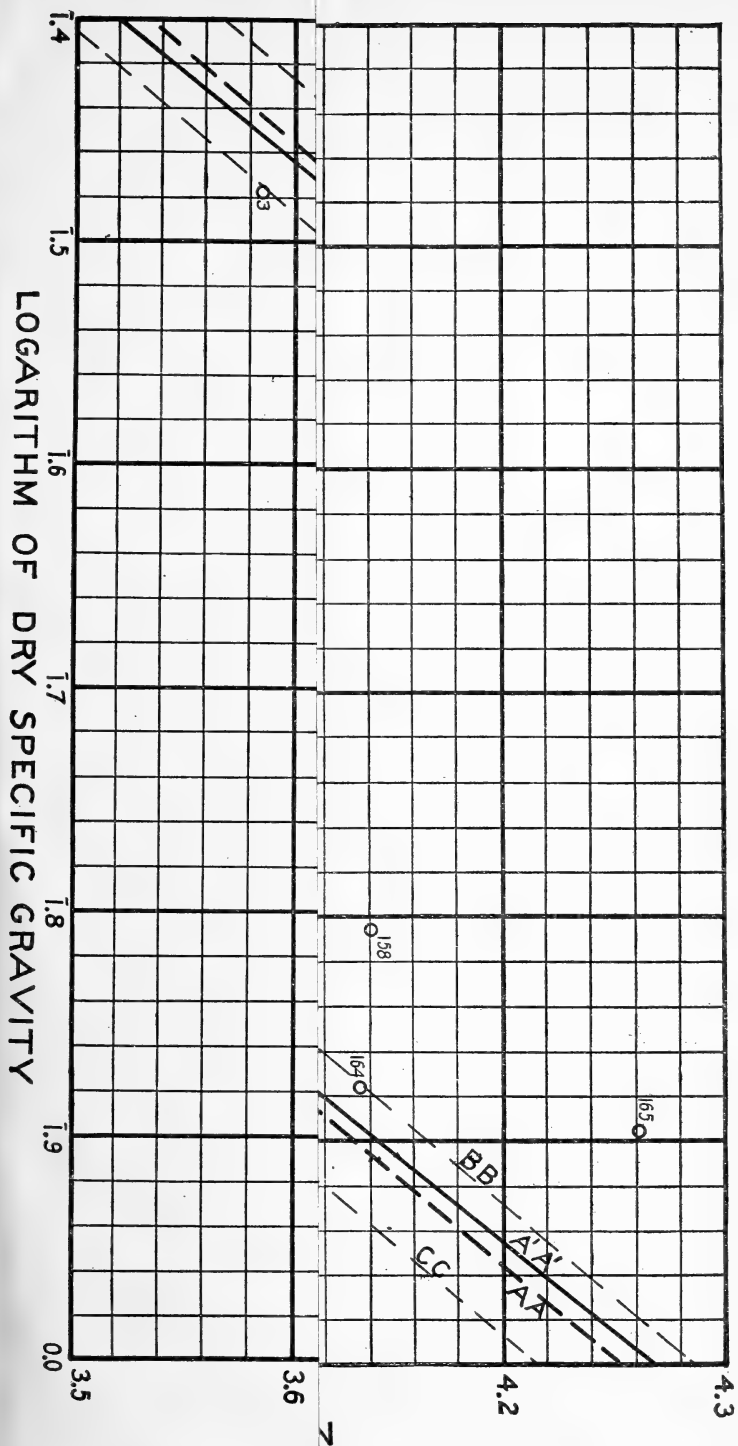


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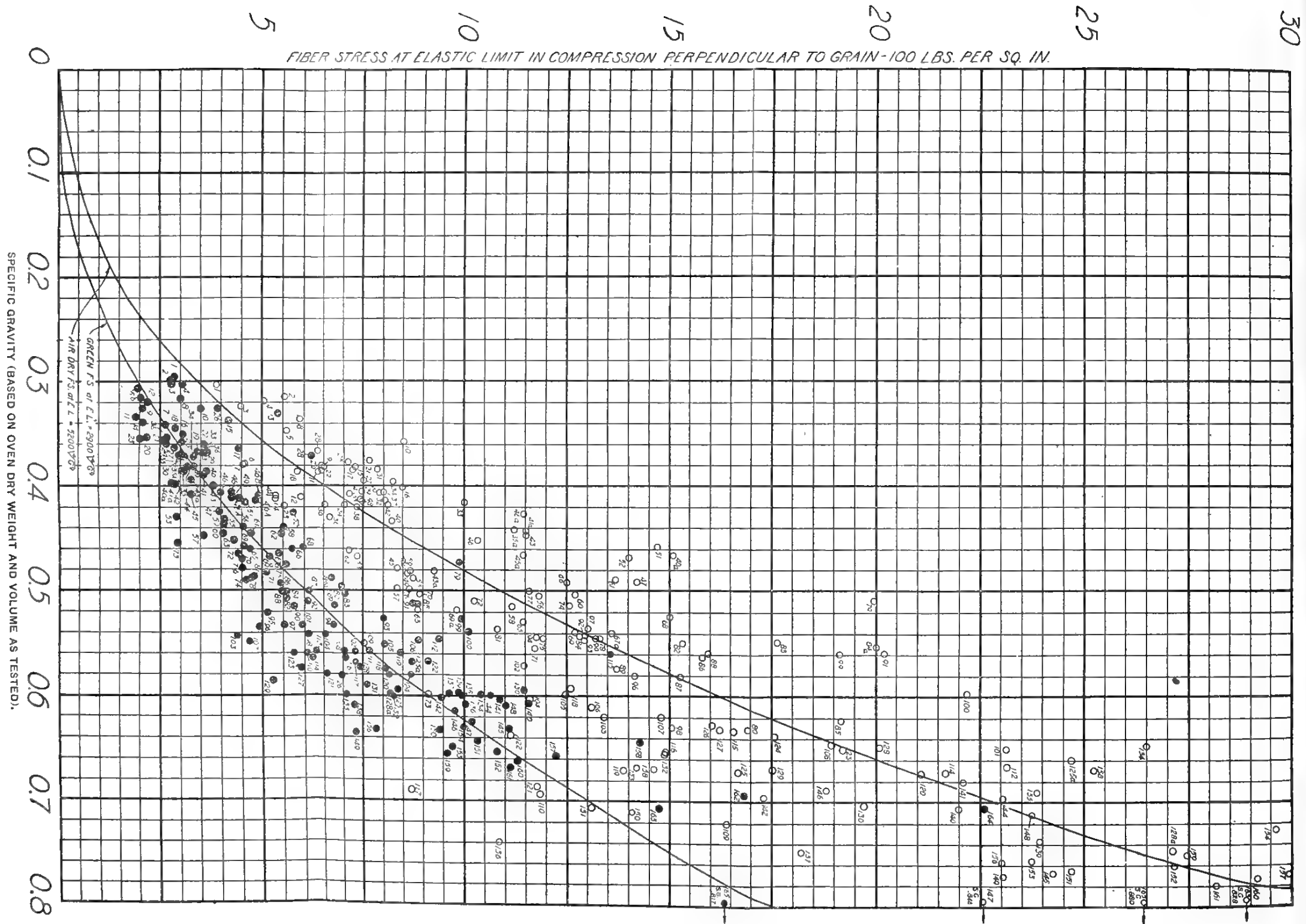


FIG. 8.—Relation of fiber stress at elastic limit in compression perpendicular to grain to specific gravity.

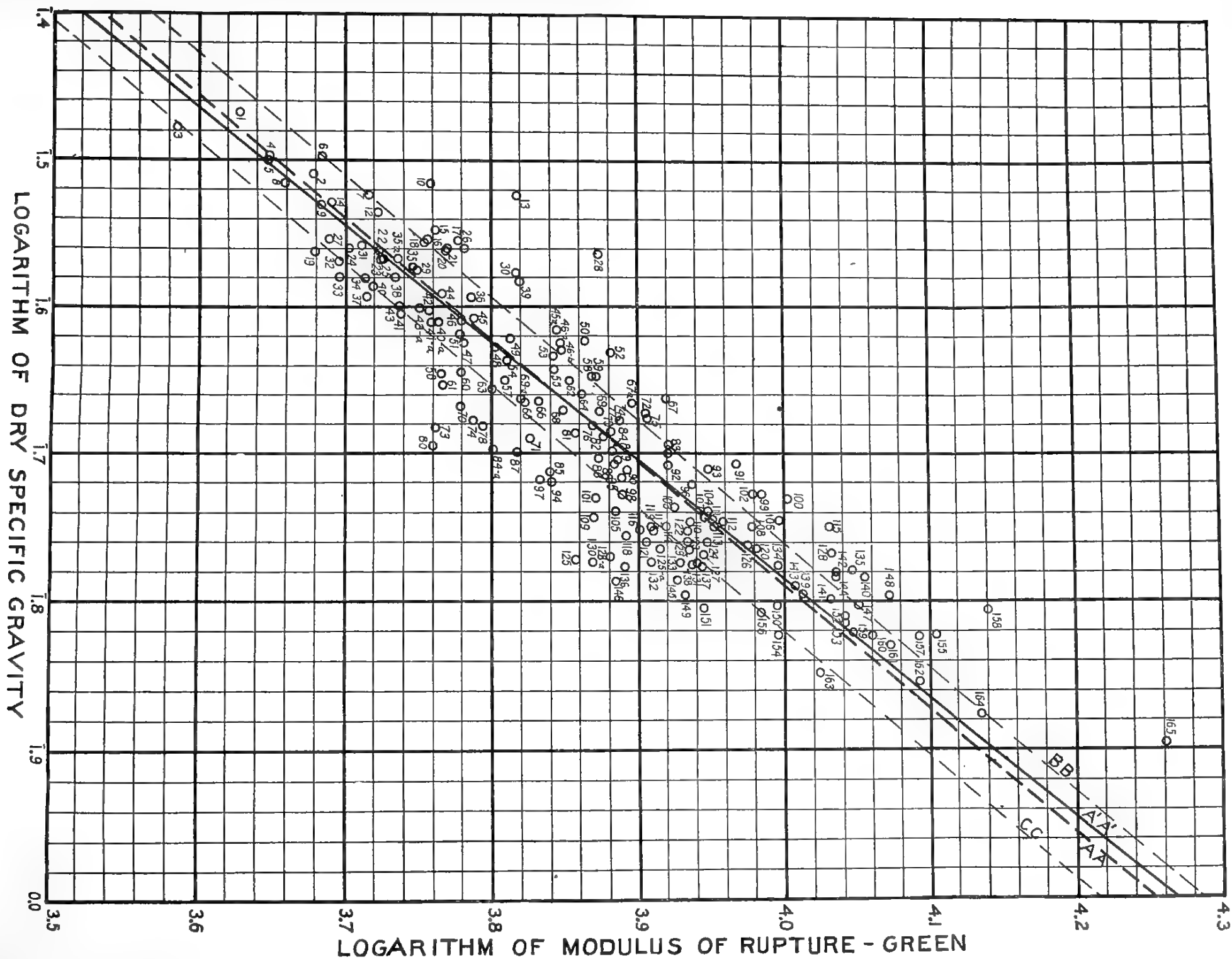


FIG. 9.

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APPLICATION OF THE EQUATIONS.

Additional data may possibly necessitate the making of some slight changes in the equations given in Table 1 and the diagrams. However, for comparing species and for determining the best utilization of timber, the value of the equations as they are now is not affected by this possibility. It is to be expected that among a large number of species of widely different structure many will be found which do not satisfy very accurately the average equations connecting the various properties with specific gravity. It is often this variation from an average relation which determines the usefulness of a species for a special purpose.

As an example of the use to which the table and diagrams may be put, suppose it is desired to obtain the strength in compression parallel to the grain of a piece of green hemlock (eastern) grown in the southern Appalachian region. Its specific gravity may be determined by any one of several means which may readily be devised, and we will say that it is found to be 0.38. In the table, the "species-locality" which is probably most nearly representative of the region in question is the eastern hemlock from Tennessee, and of this the maximum crushing strength is 29 per cent above the average for woods of the same specific gravity. To find what an average wood of a specific gravity of 0.38 will stand in compression parallel to the grain, we solve the equation $C = 6,900 \times 0.38$, or turn to figure 1 and read from the curve a maximum crushing strength of about 2,600 pounds per square inch. But since the compressive strength of the Tennessee hemlock was 29 per cent high, it is reasonable to expect that the timber in question will also run about 29 per cent high, or that the value would be about 3,300 or 3,400 pounds per square inch ($2,600 \times 1.29 = 3,354$). Any of the other properties of the hemlock under consideration may be estimated in a similar manner.

Again, suppose it is desired to obtain a wood for a use which requires that it be very strong for its weight in its ability to resist a splitting force. Tension perpendicular to grain is the best measure of this. By looking down the column, "Tension, surface of failure radial," it is found that in ability to resist such a force, yellow buckeye is 17 per cent stronger when green and 120 per cent stronger when air-dry than is the average wood of the same specific gravity. It would appear at first that yellow buckeye is the most desirable wood for the purpose, but there is another consideration to be taken into account. Tension perpendicular to the grain varies with the square of the specific gravity; and it must be remembered that those properties (such as tension perpendicular to grain, hardness, work values, and compression perpendicular to the grain) which vary with the higher powers of specific gravity show a large increase in strength

with a comparatively small increase in specific gravity. For instance, a wood with twice the specific gravity of another would be expected to have four times as much strength in tension. Yellow buckeye is a very light wood and woods of more than double its specific gravity may easily be found. Such woods, even though they may run somewhat less in tension strength than the average wood of their weight, may have a tension strength considerably in excess of that of yellow buckeye. Thus, the red oaks, having a specific gravity of about twice that of yellow buckeye, are several times as strong in tension perpendicular to the grain, although they are very little above the average wood of their weight in this respect.

It may be seen from these examples that in comparing different timbers or species, in estimating their various properties, and in finding species with exceptional strength in some properties which may render them valuable for special uses, a knowledge of the specific-gravity strength relations is a valuable aid. It must be borne in mind, however, that such equations can never take the place of tests of species whose properties are unknown. If any particular mechanical property is known, the specific gravity may be approximated and the other properties estimated; even the properties of woods upon which no test data are available can be estimated with a fair degree of accuracy from the results of specific gravity determinations. Nevertheless, it is apparent from a study of the table and diagrams that no one kind of test can replace a complete series of tests.

APPENDIX.

METHOD OF DERIVING EQUATIONS.

In plotting the various points to a natural scale (i. e., the shrinkage or a given mechanical property vs. specific gravity) it was found that in many cases they arranged themselves in the form of a curve, or if their trend was along a straight line, this line would not pass through the origin. Assuming that the function should pass through the origin, i. e., that a piece of wood of zero weight or specific gravity should have zero strength, it was found that in practically every case a curve of the form $f=pG^n$ (where f is the strength value, G the specific gravity, and p and n are constants) would fit the points quite well. This equation is the general equation of the parabola of the n th degree passing through the origin.

In order to simplify the determination of the proper values for the constants p and n the equation was transformed into the logarithmic form, $\log f = \log p + n \log G$. This equation represents a straight line having its slope equal to n and its intercept on the y axis equal to $\log p$. Consequently, to find the constants p and n it is only necessary to plot $\log f$ against $\log G$ on ordinary cross-section paper and find the straight line which best averages the points; then n and $\log p$ are determined from the slope and intercept of this line.

To find the straight line which best averages the points in the logarithmic plot the following plan was adopted:

By successive trials the parallel lines BB and CC (see fig. 9) were so located that 25 per cent of the points were above BB and 25 per cent were below CC and at the same time the vertical distance between the two was a minimum. Two lines (not shown on the figure) were then drawn as follows: Both parallel to BB and CC, one bisecting the distance between them and the other in such a position that 50 per cent of the points were on each side of it. AA was then drawn midway between these two lines and assumed to be the line which best averages the points and best represents the relation between specific gravity and the strength property in question. This method, as can readily be seen, is very likely to produce values of n such that the resulting equations can not be handled without the use of logarithms. As the slope of the lines could in most cases be varied through a considerable angle without appreciably affecting the distance between the lines BB and CC, the slope was so taken that n would be a fraction with the denominator 1, 2, 3, or 4. The solution of the equation is then possible by using the rules for the extraction of square and cube roots. Whenever it happened that more than one direction of the lines BB and CC fulfilled the conditions outlined above, preference was given to that slope which would simplify the form of the equation. The constant p was changed at the same time, so that the new line A'A' passed as nearly through the center of gravity of the points as possible.

The analytical process known as the "method of least squares" can be applied to determining the mathematical relations between two properties of a substance as ascertained from experimental results. This method was used in one or two instances to determine the specific gravity strength relations; but it was found that the long and refined computations essential to the application of this method to so large a number of tests was not justified by the added accuracy of the final determinations. Especially is this true since it is desirable to obtain n to the nearest 0.125 only, and since undue refinement in the value of the constant p is unnecessary in view of the fact that there is a considerable variation of actual results from the values given by any equation which may be derived.

TABLE 1.—Equations and variations—Specific gravity, shrinkage, and strength relations based on tests of small clear pieces, green and air-dry.

| Species and locality. | Reference number. | Specific gravity, oven-dry, based on volume at time of test. | Per cent. | Moisture content. | Shrinkage from green to oven-dry condition. | | | Static bending. | | | | | | | | Impact bending, 50-pound hammer. | | | | Compression parallel to grain. | | | | Hardness: Load required to embed a 0.444-inch ball one-half its diameter. | Shear. | | Cleavage. | Tension. | | |
|--|--------------------|--|-----------|-------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | | In volume. | Radial. | Tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Modulus of rupture. | 1,000s of lbs. per sq. in. | Modulus of elasticity. | Work to elastic limit. | Inch lbs. per cu. in. | Work to maximum load. | Inch lbs. per cu. in. | Total work. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Fiber stress at elastic limit. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Maximum crushing strength. | Modulus of elasticity. | Compression perpendicular to grain. | End surface. | | Radial surface. | Tangential surface. | | | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. |
| I.—EQUATIONS FOR SHRINKAGE AND FOR EACH OF THE STRENGTH PROPERTIES OF GREEN AND AIR-DRY WOOD IN TERMS OF SPECIFIC GRAVITY. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | |
| Green. | | | | | $S=28\text{ G. l.}$ | $S=9.5\text{ G. l.}$ | $S=17.0\text{ G. l.}$ | $M=26200\sqrt{\text{G. g.}}$ | $E=3000\text{ G. l.}$ | $W=9.9\text{ G. g.}$ | $W=38.9\text{ G. g.}$ | $W=148.0\text{ G. g.}$ | $F=35000\sqrt{\text{G. g.}}$ | $E=3550\text{ G. l.}$ | $W=25\text{ G. g.}$ | $H=111\text{ G. g.}$ | $F=11000\sqrt{\text{G. g.}}$ | $C=12000\text{ G. l.}$ | $E=3500\text{ G. l.}$ | $F=5200\sqrt{\text{G. g.}}$ | $H=4800\sqrt{\text{G. g.}}$ | $H=3600\sqrt{\text{G. g.}}$ | $H=3800\sqrt{\text{G. g.}}$ | $S=3630\sqrt{\text{G. g.}}$ | $S=4000\sqrt{\text{G. g.}}$ | $C=1100\text{ G. g.}$ | $C=1300\text{ G. g.}$ | $T=2100\text{ G. g.}$ | $T=2400\text{ G. g.}$ | |
| | Green to oven-dry. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Air-dry. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

I.—EQUATIONS FOR SHRINKAGE AND FOR EACH OF THE STRENGTH PROPERTIES OF GREEN AND AIR-DRY WOOD IN TERMS OF SPECIFIC GRAVITY.

II.—MEASURE OF ACCURACY OF RESPECTIVE EQUATIONS.

| Proportion of species-locality. | Percentage of equation value. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | 10 per cent above, per cent. | 25 per cent above, per cent. | 25 per cent below, per cent. | 10 per cent below, per cent. | 10 per cent above, per cent. | 25 per cent above, per cent. | 25 per cent below, per cent. | 10 per cent below, per cent. | 10 per cent above, per cent. | 25 per cent above, per cent. | 25 per cent below, per cent. | 10 per cent below, per cent. | 10 per cent above, per cent. | 25 per cent above, per cent. | 25 per cent below, per cent. | 10 per cent below, per cent. | 10 per cent above, per cent. | 25 per cent above, per cent. | 25 per cent below, per cent. | 10 per cent below, per cent. |
| 119 | 123 | 127 | 123 | 114 | 127 | 139 | 149 | 149 | 118 | 122 | 135 | 142 | 130 | 119 | 133 | 136 | 121 | 121 | 120 | 119 |
| 110 | 116 | 109 | 112 | 108 | 113 | 117 | 123 | 123 | 110 | 109 | 121 | 118 | 115 | 111 | 117 | 115 | 110 | 111 | 111 | 109 |
| 90 | 88 | 89 | 91 | 91 | 89 | 86 | 83 | 75 | 90 | 90 | 85 | 86 | 86 | 90 | 86 | 88 | 87 | 88 | 90 | 83 |
| 80 | 77 | 79 | 79 | 84 | 76 | 72 | 70 | 60 | 84 | 86 | 71 | 76 | 73 | 83 | 72 | 77 | 70 | 78 | 81 | 83 |
| 126 | 113 | 122 | 164 | 139 | 167 | 130 | 120 | 143 | 145 | 116 | 142 | 133 | 131 | 124 | 120 | 125 | 122 | 144 | 141 | 139 |
| 111 | 106 | 110 | 135 | 117 | 130 | 112 | 110 | 125 | 120 | 108 | 127 | 108 | 120 | 118 | 115 | 111 | 112 | 110 | 126 | 121 |
| 85 | 89 | 90 | 75 | 83 | 72 | 85 | 89 | 78 | 83 | 82 | 88 | 86 | 83 | 85 | 94 | 91 | 90 | 88 | 78 | 69 |
| 75 | 80 | 81 | 60 | 66 | 58 | 73 | 81 | 63 | 70 | 68 | 81 | 67 | 74 | 79 | 83 | 83 | 79 | 78 | 56 | 54 |

III.—ACTUAL VALUE OF EACH PROPERTY FOR EACH "SPECIES-LOCALITY" AS DETERMINED BY TESTS—EXPRESSED IN PERCENTAGE OF EQUATION VALUE.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Alder, red (Washington): | 30 | 119 | 125 | 117 | 122 | 119 | 123 | 139 | 131 | 102 | 119 | 127 | 128 | 117 | 136 | 117 | 138 | 98 | 137 | 119 | 128 | 108 | 110 | 125 | 138 | 139 | 137 |
| Green: Air-dry. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ash, Billmore (Tennessee): | 91 | 88 | 87 | 80 | 124 | 116 | 104 | 142 | 104 | 88 | 120 | 110 | 130 | 86 | 123 | 114 | 103 | 135 | 121 | 121 | 125 | 124 | 110 | 119 | 109 | 106 | 98 |
| Green: Air-dry. | | | | | 131 | 98 | 105 | 160 | 95 | 59 | 117 | 108 | 132 | 132 | 126 | 100 | 100 | 143 | 146 | 135 | 117 | 126 | 98 | 128 | 111 | 130 | 100 |
| Ash, black (Michigan): | 60 | 122 | 118 | 103 | 70 | 90 | 100 | 61 | 139 | 144 | 82 | 88 | 81 | 123 | 66 | 76 | 88 | 86 | 100 | 101 | 103 | 100 | 88 | 132 | 86 | 131 | 98 |
| Green: Air-dry. | | | | | 128 | 117 | 131 | 92 | 130 | 229 | | | | 174 | 136 | 105 | 115 | 114 | 130 | 114 | 132 | 148 | 106 | 144 | 144 | 124 | 169 |
| Ash, black (Wisconsin): | 70 | 65 | 84 | 82 | 53 | 84 | 82 | 76 | 142 | 162 | 87 | 69 | 114 | 99 | 91 | | 92 | 85 | 92 | 93 | 95 | 83 | 112 | 93 | | | |
| Green: Air-dry. | | | | | 80 | 107 | 94 | 76 | 135 | 177 | 83 | 90 | 88 | 84 | 90 | 93 | 81 | 108 | 102 | 106 | 122 | 100 | 156 | 119 | 144 | 108 | |
| Ash, blue (Kentucky): | 99 | 84 | 77 | 72 | 120 | 113 | 92 | 146 | 121 | 117 | 102 | 87 | 117 | 108 | 115 | 114 | 86 | 144 | 135 | 135 | 138 | 141 | 128 | 96 | 108 | 92 | 101 |
| Green: Air-dry. | | | | | 90 | 100 | 82 | 100 | 106 | 129 | 115 | 108 | 123 | 112 | 111 | 97 | 70 | 135 | 135 | 132 | 122 | 112 | 119 | 108 | 112 | 66 | |

TABLE 1.—Equations and variations—specific gravity, shrinkage, and strength relations based on tests of small clear pieces, green and air-dry—Con.

| Species and locality. | Reference number. | | Specific gravity, oven-dry, based on volume at time of test. | | Per cent. | | Moisture content. | | Shrinkage from green to oven-dry condition. | | | Static bending. | | | | | | | | Impact bending, 50-pound hammer. | | | | | | Compression parallel to grain. | | | | Hardness: load required to embed a 0.444-inch ball one-half its diameter. | | | | Shear. | | Cleavage. | | Tension. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|---|--------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| | In volume. | Radial. | Tangential. | Fiber stress at elastic limit. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Modulus of rupture. | Modulus of elasticity. | Inch lbs. per cu. in. | Work to elastic limit. | Inch lbs. per cu. in. | Work to maximum load. | Total work. | Fiber stress at elastic limit. | Lbs. per sq. in. | 1,000s of lbs. per sq. in. | Modulus of elasticity. | Inch lbs. per cu. in. | Work to elastic limit. | Inches. | Height of drop causing complete failure. | Fiber stress at elastic limit. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Maximum crushing strength. | Modulus of elasticity. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Fiber stress at elastic limit. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Compresson perpendicular to grain. | Lbs. per sq. in. | End surface. | Radial surface. | Tangential surface. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure |

III.—ACTUAL VALUE OF EACH PROPERTY FOR EACH "SPECIES-LOCALITY" AS DETERMINED BY TESTS—EXPRESSED IN PERCENTAGE OF EQUATION VALUE—Continued.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
|--------------------------|-----|---|---|---|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Ash, green (Louisiana): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green..... | 93 | | | | | | 99 | 110 | 102 | 94 | 94 | 77 | 112 | 90 | 137 | 86 | 108 | 113 | 101 | 117 | 107 | 105 | 106 | 118 | 102 | 119 | 99 | 119 | 100 |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | | | 98 | 106 | 97 | 104 | 104 | 97 | 91 | 95 | 90 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 95 | 95 | 124 | 121 | 107 | 111 | 93 | 90 | 100 | 111 | 79 |
| Ash, pumpkin (Missouri): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green..... | 100 | | | | 87 | 78 | 128 | 118 | 110 | 139 | 104 | 92 | 103 | 98 | 102 | 92 | 126 | 115 | 101 | 139 | 114 | 118 | 124 | 120 | 109 | 103 | 98 | 100 | 87 |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | | | 100 | 105 | 99 | 100 | 106 | 80 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 83 | 105 | 97 | 104 | 135 | 125 | 130 | 112 | 135 | 120 | 159 | 126 | 114 | 57 |
| Ash, white (Missouri): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green..... | 79 | | | | 88 | 80 | 107 | 101 | 86 | 130 | 94 | 69 | 90 | 82 | 101 | 92 | 103 | 100 | 89 | 180 | 121 | 119 | 112 | 124 | 112 | 124 | 121 | 125 | 101 |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | | | 79 | 88 | 81 | 81 | 67 | 60 | 98 | 93 | 117 | 76 | 85 | 89 | 66 | 172 | 122 | 114 | 107 | 134 | 105 | 174 | 114 | 182 | 98 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|
| Ash, white (Arkansas): | 106 | 80 | 82 | 69 | 104 | 111 | 101 | 100 | 151 | 112 | 105 | 95 | 109 | 79 | 109 | 111 | 97 | 119 | 114 | 109 | 117 | 119 | 106 | 100 | 89 | 111 | 98 |
| Green..... | | | | | 106 | 114 | 106 | 102 | 101 | 122 | 78 | 88 | 69 | 81 | 103 | 98 | 88 | 76 | 130 | 128 | 110 | 120 | 101 | 161 | 100 | 132 | 74 |
| Ash, white (West Virginia): | 83 | 92 | 87 | 79 | 107 | 108 | 103 | 111 | 130 | 115 | 119 | 101 | 140 | 111 | 105 | 99 | 104 | 114 | 123 | 125 | 124 | 121 | 86 | 111 | 117 | 113 | |
| Air-dry..... | | | | 106 | 106 | 100 | 102 | 119 | 113 | 120 | 115 | 99 | 145 | 111 | 98 | 92 | 100 | 130 | 140 | 126 | 124 | 135 | 100 | 118 | 58 | 150 | |
| Ash, white (New York): | 128 | 82 | 96 | 88 | 116 | 113 | 111 | 108 | 111 | 92 | 114 | 102 | 115 | 99 | 111 | 115 | 103 | 96 | 106 | 112 | 111 | 129 | 119 | 103 | 105 | 112 | |
| Green..... | | | | 118 | 118 | 105 | 102 | 130 | 104 | 76 | 116 | 108 | 121 | 99 | 137 | 103 | 94 | 106 | 121 | 117 | 126 | 125 | 111 | 109 | 80 | 142 | |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 98 | |
| Aspen (Wisconsin): | 23 | 106 | 96 | 113 | 98 | 99 | 90 | 135 | 117 | 125 | 100 | 96 | 121 | 144 | 86 | 87 | 75 | 72 | 69 | 92 | 93 | 87 | 89 | 72 | 68 | 70 | |
| Green..... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 55 | |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aspen, largetooth (Wisconsin): | 20 | 114 | 92 | 132 | 109 | 111 | 129 | 106 | 106 | 86 | 112 | 107 | 135 | 96 | 115 | 111 | 124 | 96 | 132 | 121 | 124 | 114 | 120 | 130 | 135 | 144 | |
| Green..... | | | | 117 | 117 | 107 | 135 | 128 | 104 | 128 | 131 | 122 | 166 | 146 | 143 | 110 | 121 | 106 | 114 | 100 | 98 | 104 | 121 | 100 | 131 | 101 | |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 100 | |
| Basswood (Pennsylvania): | 12 | 171 | 215 | 176 | 105 | 108 | 133 | 98 | 97 | 108 | 106 | 112 | 130 | 104 | 120 | 107 | 152 | 98 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 100 | 106 | 105 | 103 | |
| Green..... | | | | 135 | 135 | 115 | 127 | 177 | 172 | 172 | 140 | 136 | 180 | 137 | 165 | 102 | 128 | 85 | 93 | 80 | 97 | 104 | 105 | 161 | 149 | 71 | |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 123 | |
| Basswood (Wisconsin): | 5 | 162 | 206 | 156 | 101 | 101 | 106 | 126 | 135 | 102 | 97 | 97 | 122 | 114 | 73 | 84 | 113 | 96 | 103 | 96 | 93 | 101 | 103 | 115 | 130 | 117 | |
| Green..... | | | | 113 | 113 | 90 | 157 | 108 | 64 | 91 | 62 | 108 | 51 | 55 | 75 | 93 | 185 | 117 | 108 | 123 | 115 | 130 | 158 | 159 | 194 | 144 | |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 108 | |
| Beech (Indiana): | 110 | 105 | 87 | 111 | 90 | 96 | 96 | 86 | 106 | 81 | 103 | 90 | 108 | 98 | 107 | 91 | 91 | 77 | 104 | 106 | 106 | 98 | 108 | 97 | 130 | 102 | |
| Green..... | | | | 78 | 78 | 108 | 99 | 67 | 110 | 123 | 92 | 94 | 87 | 98 | 67 | 93 | 97 | 52 | 87 | 98 | 94 | 98 | 96 | 128 | 123 | 132 | |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 140 | |
| Beech (Pennsylvania): | 98 | 105 | 101 | 118 | 95 | 91 | 84 | 100 | 88 | 69 | 83 | 87 | 74 | 92 | 76 | 84 | 80 | 83 | 102 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 100 | 104 | 117 | 106 | |
| Green..... | | | | 93 | 93 | 90 | 83 | 104 | 73 | 71 | 105 | 101 | 110 | 73 | 90 | 87 | 84 | 82 | 83 | 97 | 94 | 103 | 101 | 90 | 110 | 106 | |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 50 | |
| Birch, paper (Wisconsin): | 73 | 116 | 147 | 109 | 70 | 78 | 84 | 59 | 151 | 146 | 82 | 82 | 77 | 137 | 62 | 68 | 71 | 61 | 56 | 77 | 76 | 78 | 78 | 87 | 83 | 92 | 66 |
| Green..... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Birch, sweet (Pennsylvania): | 129 | 90 | 113 | 76 | 86 | 91 | 102 | 62 | 107 | 86 | 81 | 97 | 62 | 94 | 76 | 88 | 101 | 61 | 88 | 84 | 90 | 94 | 98 | 83 | 86 | 73 | 84 |
| Green..... | | | | 119 | 119 | 105 | 109 | 121 | 102 | 53 | 132 | 117 | 128 | 106 | 109 | 109 | 150 | 83 | 110 | 103 | 107 | 134 | 120 | 96 | 152 | .... |  |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Birch, yellow (Pennsylvania): | 107 | 106 | 131 | 94 | 100 | 99 | 107 | 90 | 144 | 125 | 110 | 100 | 115 | 106 | 91 | 92 | 95 | 62 | 83 | 85 | 86 | 93 | 91 | 88 | 88 | 76 | 74 |
| Green..... | | | | 105 | 105 | 104 | 106 | 102 | 144 | 88 | 119 | 118 | 114 | 142 | 129 | 102 | 82 | 83 | 93 | 104 | 101 | 103 | 118 | 66 | 123 | 55 | 88 |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Birch, yellow (Wisconsin): | 103 | 111 | 152 | 97 | 86 | 97 | 117 | 59 | 112 | 85 | 96 | 107 | 80 | 81 | 81 | 90 | 123 | 59 | 87 | 91 | 88 | 93 | 86 | 83 | 71 | 72 | 72 |
| Green..... | | | | 127 | 127 | 118 | 129 | 123 | 119 | 119 | 97 | 109 | 88 | 130 | 121 | 110 | 108 | 76 | 90 | 104 | 97 | 73 | 73 | 76 | 96 | 121 | 123 |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 142 | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Butternut (Wisconsin): | 21 | 93 | 107 | 95 | 108 | 113 | 110 | 130 | 149 | 177 | 107 | 110 | 123 | 121 | 115 | 106 | 123 | 90 | 112 | 121 | 121 | 114 | 115 | 154 | 145 | 159 | 159 |
| Green: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chinquapin, western (Oregon): | 466 | 112 | 116 | 105 | 119 | 110 | 95 | 169 | 123 | 106 | 110 | 100 | 128 | 126 | 85 | 105 | 128 | 125 | 135 | 137 | 114 | 119 | 124 | 108 | 110 | 137 | 121 |
| Green: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cherry, black (Pennsylvania): | 72 | 87 | 82 | 89 | 103 | 111 | 111 | 102 | 135 | 125 | 110 | 105 | 123 | 107 | 111 | 109 | 114 | 86 | 117 | 121 | 112 | 115 | 117 | 119 | 128 | 114 | 130 |
| Green: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cherry, wild red (Tennessee): | 24 | 124 | 81 | 168 | 99 | 96 | 115 | 100 | 110 | 137 | 98 | 107 | 105 | 118 | 96 | 87 | 103 | 90 | 110 | 108 | 112 | 93 | 101 | 109 | 106 | 104 | 106 |
| Green: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chestnut (Maryland): | 46 | 90 | 86 | 97 | 112 | 104 | 103 | 142 | 82 | 79 | 90 | 100 | 97 | 85 | 115 | 128 | 102 | 119 | 101 | 108 | 105 | 95 | 85 | 112 | 93 | 113 | 94 |
| Green: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chestnut (Tennessee): | 40 | 118 | 92 | 103 | 90 | 93 | 94 | 100 | 106 | 103 | 104 | 98 | 124 | 107 | 91 | 83 | 86 | 107 | 116 | 105 | 110 | 103 | 89 | 130 | 111 | 123 | 112 |
| Green: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cottonwood, black (Washington): | 6 | 109 | 120 | 161 | 117 | 111 | 135 | 121 | 118 | 149 | 119 | 124 | 144 | 139 | 111 | 99 | 126 | 93 | 101 | 103 | 106 | 100 | 105 | 125 | 146 | 117 | 132 |
| Green: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cucumber tree (Tennessee): | 59 | 109 | 124 | 118 | 112 | 110 | 140 | 94 | 119 | 101 | 109 | 127 | 100 | 111 | 114 | 103 | 133 | 90 | 93 | 93 | 90 | 105 | 117 | 110 | 112 | 107 | 106 |
| Green: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dogwood, flowering (Tennessee): | 151 | 111 | 116 | 104 | 82 | 84 | 74 | 77 | 121 | 94 | 52 | 43 | 56 | 99 | 83 | 83 | 67 | 87 | 105 | 118 | 115 | 102 | 103 | 96 | 71 | 101 | 137 |
| Green: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dogwood, western (Oregon): | 125a | 106 | 116 | 97 | 80 | 88 | 75 | 77 | 117 | 89 | 82 | 87 | 71 | 119 | 66 | 91 | 93 | 106 | 112 | 110 | 106 | 98 | 105 | 78 | 86 | 104 | 102 |
| Green: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Elder, pale (Oregon): | 69a | 116 | 99 | 115 | 87 | 94 | 78 | 96 | 97 | 149 | 85 | 88 | 85 | 120 | 95 | 95 | 111 | 99 | 124 | 135 | 135 | 115 | 105 | 139 | 96 | 126 | 108 |
| Green: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Elm, cork (Wisconsin, Marathon County): | 126 | | | | 83 | 101 | 85 | 77 | 137 | 111 | 101 | 79 | 128 | 101 | 94 | 94 | 87 | 83 | 89 | 93 | 94 | 99 | 101 | 76 | 87 | 121 | 120 |
| Green: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

TABLE 1.—Equations and variations—specific gravity, shrinkage, and strength relations based on tests of small clear pieces, green and air-dry—Con.

| Species and locality. | Reference number. | Specific gravity, oven-dry, based on volume at time of test. | Per cent. | Moisture content. | Shrinkage from green to oven-dry condition. | Static bending. | | | | | | | | | | Impact bending, 50-pound hammer. | | | | Compression parallel to grain. | | | | Hardness: load required to embed a 0.444-inch ball one-half its diameter. | Shear. | | | | Cleavage. | | | | Tension. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--|-----------|-------------------|---|-----------------|--|--|---------|--|--|-------------|--|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--|--------------|------|-----------------|------|---------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|---------------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| | | | | | | In volume. | | | Radial. | | | Tangential. | | | Fiber stress at elastic limit. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Modulus of rupture. | 1,000s of lbs. per sq. in. | Modulus of elasticity. | Inch lbs. per cu. in. | Work to elastic limit. | Inch lbs. per cu. in. | Work to maximum load. | | Total work. | Fiber stress at elastic limit. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Modulus of elasticity. | 1,000s of lbs. per sq. in. | Maximum crushing strength. | Modulus of elasticity. | Fiber stress at elastic limit. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Maximum crushing strength. | Modulus of elasticity. | Fiber stress at elastic limit. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Modulus of elasticity. | 1,000s of lbs. per sq. in. | Compression perpendicular to grain, fiber stress at elastic limit. | End surface. | Lbs. | Radial surface. | Lbs. | Tangential surface. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. 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per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure radial. | Lbs. per sq. in. | Surface of failure tangential. |

III.—ACTUAL VALUE OF EACH PROPERTY FOR EACH "SPECIES-LOCALITY" AS DETERMINED BY TESTS—EXPRESSED IN PERCENTAGE OF EQUATION VALUE—Continued.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Elm, cork (Wisconsin, Kusk County): | 120 | | | | | 89 | 89 | 84 | 93 | 102 | 80 | 100 | 139 | 122 | 90 | 92 | 78 | 108 | 86 | 97 | 84 | 95 | 100 | 108 | 108 | 97 | 104 | 88 | 97 | 83 | |
| Elm, slippery (Indiana): | 102 | | | | | 103 | 99 | 107 | 118 | 113 | 98 | 130 | 95 | 126 | 109 | 99 | 115 | 102 | 108 | 106 | 94 | 92 | 112 | 104 | 94 | 110 | 99 | 128 | 115 | 142 | 128 |
| Elm, slippery (Wisconsin): | 74 | | | | | 100 | 108 | 108 | 92 | 105 | 101 | 90 | 164 | 172 | 94 | 95 | 94 | 156 | 102 | 97 | 95 | 80 | 106 | 108 | 111 | 120 | 106 | 151 | 131 | 143 | 119 |
| Elm, slippery (Wisconsin): | | | | | | | | | 109 | 100 | 95 | 132 | 154 | 207 | 112 | 100 | 135 | 147 | 111 | 94 | 99 | 108 | 101 | 93 | 104 | 110 | 102 | 95 | 83 | 81 | 45 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Elm, white (Pennsylvania): | 55 | 112 | 101 | 129 | 103 | 104 | 83 | 121 | 132 | 128 | 96 | 97 | 102 | 93 | 109 | 106 | 110 | 101 | 106 | 132 | 132 | 135 | 138 |
| Green: | | | | | 120 | 107 | 98 | 166 | 137 | 161 | 116 | 88 | 70 | 85 | 120 | 109 | 114 | 121 | 120 | 121 | 117 | 121 | 98 |
| Elm, white (Wisconsin): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green: | 53 | | | | 79 | 107 | 97 | 67 | 149 | 142 | 109 | 81 | 146 | 112 | 69 | 96 | 93 | 100 | 94 | 87 | 96 | 112 | 126 |
| Greenheart: | | | | | 95 | 118 | 110 | 94 | 162 | 166 | 108 | 97 | 135 | 147 | 77 | 102 | 106 | 102 | 100 | 110 | 135 | 137 | |
| Green: | 165 | | | | 179 | 132 | 142 | 174 | 45 | 23 | 131 | 139 | 95 | 44 | 88 | 69 | 85 | 83 | 87 | 100 | 61 | 51 | 50 |
| Air-dry: | | | | | 126 | 105 | 128 | 100 | 55 | 35 | 96 | 117 | 64 | 56 | 116 | 67 | 49 | 72 | 65 | 62 | 51 | | |
| Gum, black (Tennessee): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green: | 68 | | | | 101 | 98 | 88 | 117 | 85 | 77 | 105 | 95 | 117 | 94 | 94 | 112 | 106 | 102 | 105 | 116 | 119 | 123 | 121 |
| Air-dry: | | | | | 108 | 78 | 80 | 154 | 51 | 77 | 110 | 96 | 132 | 64 | 82 | 83 | 81 | 122 | 114 | 100 | 90 | 89 | 76 |
| Gum, blue (California): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green: | 147 | | | | 129 | 107 | 126 | 114 | 81 | 68 | 107 | 128 | 79 | 71 | 129 | 121 | 128 | 100 | 102 | 123 | 114 | 98 | 88 |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gum, cotton (Louisiana): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green: | 76 | | | | 104 | 100 | 87 | 122 | 79 | 80 | 83 | 92 | 73 | 77 | 86 | 108 | 94 | 81 | 113 | 106 | 117 | 103 | 152 |
| Air-dry: | | | | | 76 | 80 | 84 | 76 | 53 | 58 | 74 | 83 | 73 | 61 | 80 | 99 | 85 | 79 | 114 | 106 | 103 | 108 | 122 |
| Gum, red (Missouri): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green: | 54 | | | | 95 | 99 | 105 | | | | | | | | 113 | 90 | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hackberry (Indiana): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green: | 90 | | | | 74 | 96 | 97 | 59 | 174 | 166 | 109 | 96 | 123 | 146 | 95 | 96 | 74 | 92 | 104 | 114 | 110 | 109 | 142 |
| Air-dry: | | | | | 81 | 109 | 87 | 79 | 156 | 149 | 105 | 98 | 115 | 193 | 83 | 97 | 90 | 100 | 121 | 126 | 121 | 104 | 104 |
| Hackberry (Wisconsin): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green: | 78 | | | | 69 | 84 | 76 | 71 | 136 | 129 | 77 | 74 | 80 | 137 | 71 | 76 | 67 | 81 | 103 | 106 | 108 | 106 | 121 |
| Air-dry: | | | | | 77 | 83 | 75 | 85 | 97 | 130 | 95 | 79 | 117 | 113 | 82 | 78 | 58 | 100 | 92 | 90 | 97 | 103 | 94 |
| Haw, pear (Wisconsin): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green: | 146 | | | | 70 | 76 | 63 | 66 | 142 | 114 | | | | | | 72 | 100 | 95 | 108 | 104 | 96 | 96 | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | 76 | 85 | 67 | 79 | 130 | 69 | 62 | 76 | 46 | 39 | 68 | 78 | 52 | 85 | 104 | 101 | 105 | 88 | |
| Hickory, big shell-bark (Mississippi): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green: | 135 | | | | 117 | 113 | 103 | 114 | 156 | 164 | 111 | 98 | 114 | 156 | 100 | 87 | 108 | | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | 85 | 100 | 96 | 70 | 112 | 128 | 116 | 107 | 125 | 137 | | 85 | 106 | | | | | | |
| Hickory, big shell-bark (Ohio): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green: | 154 | | | | 77 | 89 | 66 | 79 | 190 | 161 | 101 | 74 | 117 | 210 | 48 | 73 | 68 | 96 | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | 68 | 96 | 90 | 40 | 100 | | | 88 | | 138 | | 96 | 117 | | | | | | |
| Hickory, bitternut (Ohio): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green: | 139 | | | | 96 | 100 | 90 | 88 | 120 | 142 | 130 | 94 | 162 | 135 | 120 | 110 | 94 | 108 | | | | | |
| Air-dry: | | | | | | | | 90 | 74 | 94 | 152 | 123 | 120 | 122 | | 107 | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| Magnolia (Louisiana): | 66 | 95 | 123 | 85 | 92 | 96 | 90 | 88 | 167 | 154 | 100 | 102 | 103 | 186 | 86 | 85 | 98 | 112 | 119 | 128 | 125 | 110 | 115 | 113 | 157 | 121 | 156 | |
| Green: | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 96 | 96 | 97 | 104 | 121 | 72 | 101 | 95 | 118 | 90 | 83 | 85 | 127 | 190 | 132 | 135 | 132 | 124 | 100 | 190 | 119 | 135 | 138 | |
| Maple, Oregon (Washington): | 58 | 91 | 89 | 95 | 117 | 110 | 98 | 146 | 103 | 72 | 99 | 110 | 93 | 84 | 98 | 107 | 99 | 121 | 130 | 121 | 121 | 122 | 123 | 126 | 144 | 132 | 151 | |
| Green: | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |  |
| Maple, red (Pennsylvania): | 69 | 95 | 86 | 103 | 94 | 103 | 118 | 76 | 120 | 96 | 110 | 107 | 118 | 104 | 97 | 97 | 119 | 90 | 114 | 108 | 110 | 109 | 120 | 119 | 139 | 122 | 132 | |
| Green: | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 113 | 104 | 109 | 130 | 121 | 135 | 107 | 110 | 112 | 100 | 114 | 97 | 91 | 98 | 117 | 102 | 99 | 122 | 135 | 139 | 149 | 66 | 104 | |
| Maple, red (Wisconsin): | 92 | ..... | ..... | ..... | 100 | 104 | 113 | 85 | 88 | 55 | 119 | 95 | 146 | 83 | ..... | 104 | 100 | 90 | 85 | 85 | 106 | 115 | 99 | 94 | ..... | ..... | 135 | |
| Green: | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 93 | 106 | 104 | 84 | 98 | 80 | 103 | 97 | 113 | 94 | 98 | 101 | 98 | 98 | 114 | 101 | 102 | 104 | 106 | 135 | 130 | 102 | ..... |  |
| Maple, silver (Wisconsin): | 56 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |  |
| Green: | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 112 | 82 | 85 | 133 | 86 | 91 | 110 | 86 | 171 | 100 | 128 | 87 | 68 | 106 | 145 | 100 | 109 | 118 | 129 | 132 | 137 | 69 | 125 | |
| Maple, sugar (Indiana): | 104 | ..... | ..... | ..... | 95 | 101 | 106 | 83 | 98 | 85 | 105 | 103 | 102 | 90 | 96 | 97 | 94 | 90 | 103 | 108 | 110 | 105 | 119 | 112 | 132 | 106 | 126 | |
| Green: | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 100 | 103 | 100 | 103 | 85 | 81 | 84 | 95 | 76 | 74 | 87 | 100 | 95 | 59 | 123 | 112 | 114 | 111 | 130 | 100 | 95 | 32 | 108 | |
| Maple, sugar (Pennsylvania): | 108 | ..... | ..... | ..... | 107 | 95 | 90 | 122 | 89 | 64 | 116 | 112 | 116 | 89 | 117 | 101 | 80 | 98 | 114 | 114 | 116 | 132 | 132 | 108 | 154 | 104 | 74 | |
| Green: | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |  |
| Maple, sugar (Wisconsin): | 124 | ..... | ..... | ..... | 89 | 95 | 99 | 72 | 68 | 38 | 120 | 94 | 142 | 63 | ..... | 103 | 104 | 89 | 86 | 85 | 109 | 115 | 95 | 104 | ..... | ..... | ..... |  |
| Green: | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 86 | 104 | 103 | 70 | 90 | 62 | 94 | 94 | 94 | 73 | 90 | 101 | 98 | 92 | 112 | 104 | 107 | 108 | 110 | 140 | 138 | ..... | ..... |  |
| Oak, bur (Wisconsin): | 125 | ..... | ..... | ..... | 68 | 75 | 59 | 71 | 72 | 67 | 79 | 66 | 85 | 85 | 68 | 82 | 52 | 102 | 100 | 108 | 110 | 98 | 101 | 95 | 97 | 100 | 105 | |
| Green: | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 62 | 63 | 54 | 71 | 56 | 45 | 74 | 66 | 79 | 56 | 58 | 76 | 59 | 79 | 72 | 94 | 94 | 80 | 95 | 45 | 72 | 48 | 83 | |
| Oak, California black (California): | 80 | | | | 103 | 88 | 77 | 75 | 75 | 63 | 92 | 71 | 42 | 84 | 83 | 80 | 64 | 75 | 66 | 116 | 106 | 106 | 96 | 91 | 108 | 113 | 109 | 119 |
| Green: | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |  |
| Oak, canyon live (California): | 163 | ..... | ..... | ..... | 82 | 119 | 119 | 95 | 88 | 76 | 94 | 67 | 46 | 75 | 86 | 55 | 71 | 93 | 97 | 108 | 105 | 100 | 109 | 81 | 100 | 83 | 108 | |
| Green: | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |  |
| Oak, chestnut (Tennessee): | 121 | ..... | ..... | ..... | 106 | 101 | 100 | 90 | 87 | 53 | 99 | 101 | 89 | 73 | 86 | 91 | 94 | 77 | 90 | 96 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 81 | 102 | 86 | 102 | |
| Green: | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 93 | 81 | 82 | 97 | 66 | 53 | 101 | 119 | 83 | 87 | 79 | 81 | 98 | 53 | 67 | 81 | 77 | 65 | 79 | 45 | 95 | ..... | 142 | |
| Oak, cow (Louisiana): | 133 | | | | 114 | 104 | 91 | 90 | 88 | 91 | 80 | 85 | 76 | 84 | 106 | 61 | 90 | 87 | 87 | 96 | 110 | 109 | 91 | 98 | 83 | 102 | 85 | 93 |
| Green: | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 65 | 87 | 90 | 44 | 68 | 49 | 86 | 105 | 66 | 76 | 65 | 88 | 92 | 115 | 64 | 85 | 79 | 98 | 86 | 45 | 71 | 56 | 63 | |

TABLE 1.—Equations and variations—specific gravity, shrinkage, and strength relations based on tests of small clear pieces, green and air-dry—Con.

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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Cedar, white (Wisconsin): | 1 | 85 | 75 | 95 | 115 | 106 | 87 | 196 | 156 | 132 | 105 | 93 | 101 | 128 | 97 | 98 | 90 | 151 | 110 | 88 | 126 | 115 | 156 | 128 | 149 | 121 |
| | | Air-dry | | | 120 | 110 | 90 | 228 | 130 | 144 | 95 | 100 | 128 | 126 | 107 | 102 | 93 | 108 | 114 | 106 | 117 | 123 | 142 | 145 | 141 | 128 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cypress, bald (Louisiana): | 62 | 91 | 89 | 78 | 117 | 105 | 123 | 135 | 59 | 71 | 94 | 106 | 88 | 81 | 141 | 127 | 134 | 115 | 77 | 67 | 67 | 95 | 84 | 72 | 59 | 61 |
| | | Air-dry | | | 111 | 115 | 120 | 135 | 88 | 144 | 75 | 85 | 74 | 88 | 135 | 138 | 134 | 78 | 91 | 84 | 88 | 76 | 57 | 50 | 56 | 41 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 35 |
| Douglas fir (California): | 45a | 102 | 118 | 102 | 126 | 114 | 133 | 128 | 85 | 72 | 113 | 130 | 110 | 92 | 127 | 123 | 182 | 114 | 101 | 98 | 101 | 102 | 95 | 61 | 53 | 62 |
| | | Air-dry | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Douglas fir (Oregon): | 67a | 101 | 129 | 97 | 123 | 111 | 144 | 105 | 76 | 76 | 107 | 127 | 93 | 88 | 132 | 128 | 180 | 104 | 81 | 83 | 90 | 93 | 89 | 39 | 38 | 42 |
| | | Air-dry | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Douglas fir (Chehalis County, Washington): | 46a | 108 | 111 | 105 | 122 | 111 | 133 | 117 | 81 | 86 | 107 | 131 | 97 | 85 | 127 | 119 | 167 | 121 | 95 | 92 | 97 | 117 | 102 | 66 | 69 | 46 |
| | | Air-dry | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 58 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Douglas fir (Lewis County, Washington): | 75 | 93 | 110 | 103 | 130 | 110 | 133 | 121 | 71 | 83 | 101 | 126 | 83 | 83 | 140 | 126 | 165 | 101 | 74 | 77 | 83 | 96 | 89 | 62 | 58 | 49 |
| | | Air-dry | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Douglas fir (Washington and Oregon): | 67 | | | | 133 | 118 | 138 | | | | | | | | 127 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Green | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Air-dry | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Douglas fir (Wyoming): | 48 | 95 | 92 | 93 | 107 | 100 | 116 | 92 | 90 | 72 | 103 | 119 | 94 | 74 | 105 | 101 | 120 | 111 | 77 | 85 | 98 | 91 | 62 | 50 | | |
| | | Green | | | 87 | 104 | 105 | 85 | 83 | 133 | 90 | 123 | 76 | 118 | 120 | 116 | 108 | 102 | 104 | 117 | 121 | 96 | 80 | 58 | 42 | |
| | | Air-dry | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fir, alpine (Colorado): | 4 | 110 | 85 | 137 | 97 | 102 | 109 | 110 | 104 | 87 | 97 | 105 | 110 | 67 | 108 | 97 | 100 | 154 | 125 | 100 | 117 | 107 | 112 | 121 | 108 | |
| | | Green | | | 103 | 111 | 91 | 184 | 81 | 128 | 71 | 96 | 71 | 106 | 123 | 111 | 95 | 125 | 96 | 90 | 122 | 102 | 113 | 101 | 90 | |
| | | Air-dry | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fir, amabilis (Oregon): | 39 | | | | 130 | 118 | 138 | | | | | | | | 150 | 115 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Green | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Air-dry | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fir, amabilis (Washington): | 18 | 140 | 135 | 168 | 122 | 110 | 139 | 130 | 108 | 106 | 122 | 143 | 118 | 121 | 130 | 110 | 153 | 108 | 104 | 94 | 108 | 105 | 98 | 98 | 76 | 104 |
| | | Green | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Air-dry | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fir, balsam (Wisconsin): | 14 | 105 | 88 | 116 | 112 | 102 | 113 | 129 | 96 | 76 | 112 | 114 | 132 | 99 | 129 | 104 | 132 | 81 | 87 | 94 | 104 | 99 | 94 | 96 | 90 | 74 |
| | | Green | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 71 |
| | | Air-dry | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|
| Hemlock, black (Montana): Green..... | 47 | 90 | 110 | 100 | 99 | 95 | 88 | 123 | 123 | 123 | 172 | 106 | 93 | 128 | 129 | 114 | 100 | 101 | 94 | 110 | 99 | 100 | 106 | 99 | 87 | 92 | 83 | 101 |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | 101 | 92 | 84 | 140 | 140 | 105 | 77 | 117 | 104 | 146 | 154 | 105 | 103 | 97 | 135 | 139 | 97 | 102 | 90 | 95 | 66 | 64 | 49 | 88 |
| Hemlock, eastern (Tennessee): Green..... | 52 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry..... | | 94 | | | 123 | 101 | 110 | 151 | 156 | 123 | 116 | 114 | 113 | 121 | 149 | 163 | 115 | 124 | 133 | 102 | 98 | 96 | 121 | 98 | 76 | 67 | 51 | 58 |
| Hemlock, eastern (Wisconsin): Green..... | 15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 29 |
| Air-dry..... | | 92 | 71 | 87 | 121 | 114 | 103 | 166 | 125 | 110 | 110 | 101 | 100 | 123 | 102 | 120 | 117 | 109 | 164 | 140 | 121 | 114 | 128 | 122 | 126 | 79 | 119 | 118 |
| Hemlock, western (Washington): Green..... | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | 126 | 116 | 135 | | | | | | | | | 147 | 117 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Larch, western (Montana): Green..... | 84 | | | | 93 | 110 | 126 | | | | | | | | | | 102 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry..... | | 93 | 89 | 96 | 112 | 98 | 109 | 113 | 66 | 64 | 93 | 108 | 96 | 67 | 115 | 113 | 107 | 90 | 61 | 66 | 67 | 91 | 83 | 53 | 52 | 40 | 45 | |
| Larch, western (Washington): Green..... | 64 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry..... | | | | | 110 | 104 | 114 | | | | | | | | | | 117 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pine, Cuban (Florida): Green..... | 127 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry..... | | 76 | 106 | 76 | 106 | 92 | 110 | 90 | 54 | 72 | 92 | 105 | 74 | 76 | 115 | 111 | 108 | 71 | 53 | 65 | 64 | 86 | 71 | 46 | 44 | 40 | 40 | |
| Pine, jack (Wisconsin): Green..... | 43 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry..... | | 90 | 90 | 97 | 92 | 93 | 92 | 98 | 87 | 128 | 103 | 90 | 108 | 132 | 106 | 95 | 93 | 101 | 81 | 85 | 90 | 101 | 91 | 98 | 82 | 85 | 94 | |
| Pine, Jeffrey (California): Green..... | 33 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry..... | | 93 | 124 | 107 | 103 | 90 | 102 | 117 | 76 | 140 | 103 | 100 | 123 | 107 | 104 | 93 | 106 | 113 | 77 | 90 | 98 | 97 | 96 | 87 | 94 | 83 | 90 | |
| Pine, loblolly (Florida): Green..... | 88 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry..... | | 87 | 114 | 88 | 105 | 95 | 112 | 96 | 72 | 85 | 93 | 105 | 79 | 88 | 100 | 106 | 105 | 89 | 50 | 62 | 66 | 92 | 75 | 62 | 58 | 52 | 50 | |
| Pine, lodgepole (Colorado): Green..... | 31 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry..... | | 110 | 119 | 113 | 106 | 99 | 112 | 117 | 91 | 61 | 97 | 100 | 109 | 79 | 118 | 99 | 115 | 117 | 69 | 84 | 86 | 96 | 98 | 87 | 76 | | | |
| Pine, lodgepole (Gallatin County, Montana): Green..... | 35a | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air-dry..... | | 115 | 130 | 108 | 100 | 102 | 122 | 93 | 85 | 112 | 108 | 116 | 117 | 125 | 98 | 104 | 135 | 95 | 74 | 86 | 93 | 99 | 90 | 81 | 72 | 69 | 64 | |

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